

REVISED STATUTES OF ANGUILLA CHAPTER E31

ELECTIONS ACT

Showing the Law as at 31 December 2022

This Edition was prepared under the authority of the Revised Statutes and Regulations Act, R.S.A. c. R55 by the Attorney General as Law Revision Commissioner.

This Edition revises and consolidates—

Act 18/2019, in force 1 August 2019 Act 9/2020, in force 12 March 2020 U.K. S.I. 2019 No. 853, in force 14 May 2019 Act 17/2022, in force 22 December 2022

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ELECTIONS ACT

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ELECTIONS ACT

PART 1

PRELIMINARY

Interpretation

- **1.** (1) In this Act—
- "affirmation" means an affirmation in the case of a person allowed to affirm instead of swear an oath and "affirm" has a corresponding meaning;
- "agent" means a person appointed by a political party or independent in accordance with section 48;
- "Anguillian" means a person who is regarded as an Anguillian under section 80(2) of Anguilla; (U.K. S.I. 2019 No. 852, s. 13(c))
- "Assembly" means the House of Assembly of Anguilla established under Chapter IV of the Constitution;
- "ballot paper" means the paper handed by the presiding officer to a voter to cast his vote on polling day;
- "Central Electoral Office" means the office referred to in section 2;
- "Constitution" means the Anguilla Constitution Order, 1982;
- "elderly person" means a person who is 70 years old or older;
- "election" means an election for—
 - (a) a member to represent a single-member electoral district in the Assembly; and
 - (b) four members to represent the single island wide electoral district in the Assembly;
- "election documents" mean the documents referred to in section 76;
- "election officer" means a returning officer, every presiding officer, poll clerk or other person—
 - (a) having any duty to perform under this Act; or
 - (b) to whom the Supervisor of Elections delegates any function, to the faithful performance of which duty he is sworn;
- "electoral district" includes both a single-member electoral district and the single island wide electoral district;
- "electoral registration officer" means the Registration Officer who carries out his functions under this Act out of the premises of the Central Electoral Office;

"electronic tabulating machine" means the mechanical equipment used for the electronic voting system;

(Act 9/2020, s. 2(d))

"electronic voting system" means voting using electronic means to cast and count votes; (Act 9/2020, s. 2(d))

"form" means the forms specified in Schedule 2;

"illegal practice" means any act committed resulting in, or intended to result in, or having the potential to result in, the undue election of a candidate;

"manual voting system" means casting and counting votes by non-electronic means; (Act 9/2020, s. 2(d))

"political party" means a group of persons belonging to the same party which contest an election;

"poll book" (manual or electronic) means the poll book referred to in Form 16, in which the name and other particulars of every person applying to vote are consecutively entered by the poll clerk, as soon as the applicant's right to vote at the polling station has been ascertained and before any such applicant is allowed to vote;

"polling day" means the day fixed for holding the poll at an election, referred to in section 63;

"polling division" means any polling division constituted in accordance with section 16;

"polling station" means any room or rooms secured by the returning officer for voting on polling day;

"preliminary list" means the list of voters referred to in section 26;

"qualifying date", in relation to determining the qualification of any person to be registered as a voter, means the last day of March, June, September and December in any year;

"rejected ballot paper (manual casting of votes and electronic tabulating machine)" means a ballot paper which at the close of the poll has been found in the ballot box—

- (a) unmarked or so improperly marked—
 - (i) that it cannot be read by the electronic tabulating machine, and
 - (ii) that in the opinion of the returning officer, it cannot be counted;
- (b) but was not supplied by the returning officer; or
- (c) displaying writing or marks by which the voter could be identified; (Act 9/2020, s. 2(b))

- "rejected ballot paper (manual voting system)" means a ballot paper which at the close of the poll has been found in the ballot box—
 - (a) unmarked or so improperly marked that, in the opinion of the returning officer, it cannot be counted;
 - (b) but was not supplied by the returning officer; or
 - (c) displaying writing or marks by which the voter could be identified; (Act 9/2020, s. 2(c))
- "returning officer" means, in relation to an electoral district, the officer appointed by the Governor under section 7;
- "single island wide electoral district" means the single electoral district of the island of Anguilla which returns four members to the Assembly;
- "single-member district" means one of the seven electoral districts defined in Schedule 1 each of which returns one member to the Assembly;
- "spoiled ballot paper" means a ballot paper which, on polling day has—
 - (a) not been deposited in the ballot box but has been found by the presiding officer to be spoiled or improperly printed; or
 - (b) been spoiled in marking by the voter and handed back to the presiding officer in exchange for another;
- "Supervisor of Elections" means the officer appointed under section 3;
- "voter" means any person who votes or is entitled to vote at an election;
- "writ" means an order issued by the Governor directing that an election be held and such order shall be published in the *Gazette*, and on the website of the Electoral Office.
 - (2) Where in this Act—
 - (a) any notice, list or any other instrument is required to be "published" then, unless the contrary intention appears in any section, the publication thereof shall be made by—
 - (i) placing the same on the website of the Electoral Office or any publicly accessed website of the Government of Anguilla,
 - (ii) posting the same on the door of any Court House, Church, Chapel, Schoolhouse or other building in Anguilla which in the opinion of the Supervisor of Elections will give publicity to such instrument, and
 - (iii) attaching the same on a board and displaying in a conspicuous place where there are no such buildings as referred to in subparagraph (ii);

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- (b) any paper, list or report is required to be printed, such paper, list or report may, instead of being so printed, be represented or reproduced by means of—
 - (i) a computer,
 - (ii) a digital screen,
 - (iii) a typewriter,
 - (iv) roneo,
 - (v) photocopier,
 - (vi) other similar apparatus referred to in subparagraphs (i) to (v), or
 - (vii) by any other method by which words, figures or signs may be represented or reproduced in visible form, whether analogue or digital.
- (3) Where in this Act reference is made to any officer by the term designating his office, such reference shall be construed as a reference to the officer for the time being lawfully discharging the function of that office.

PART 2

CENTRAL ELECTORAL OFFICE

Central Electoral Office

2. The Governor in Council shall set up an electoral office in The Valley, which shall be known as the Central Electoral Office and which shall be under the direction of the Supervisor of Elections.

Supervisor of Elections

- 3. (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall be an Anguillian, who shall—
 - (a) be ordinarily resident in Anguilla;
 - (b) be a registered voter; and
 - (c) be in possession of—
 - (i) the necessary qualifications to practise in Anguilla as a barrister or a solicitor with at least one year administrative or supervisory experience respecting elections, or
 - (ii) an undergraduate degree with at least 2 years administrative or supervisory experience respecting elections, or
 - (iii) at least 5 years administrative or supervisory experience respecting elections.

(2) The Governor shall, by instrument under his hand, appoint the Supervisor of Elections, the Deputy Supervisor of Elections and such other officers as are required to enable the Supervisor of Elections to carry out his functions under this Act.

Duties of the Supervisor of Elections

- **4.** (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall act impartially and independently of any political or governmental influence.
- (2) In addition to any other duties set out in this or any other Act, the duties of the Supervisor of Elections are—
 - (a) to exercise general direction and supervision over the registration of voters and the administrative conduct of elections;
 - (b) to ensure that all election officers act fairly, impartially and comply with this Act;
 - (c) to develop and design training programmes for persons appointed to be election officers, including programmes designed to ensure that the functions of officers are carried out in an independent and impartial manner;
 - (d) to design a continuous non-partisan voter education programme for voters;
 - (e) to regulate the conduct of election officers, issuing to them such instructions as from time to time he deems necessary to ensure effective execution of the provisions of this Act:
 - (f) to publish at least once every 3 months, in such other manner as he deems fit, a notice—
 - (i) in the *Gazette*, and on the Electoral Office website, or
 - (ii) on any publicly accessible government of Anguilla website,

requiring any person who is qualified as a voter under section 43 of the Constitution to make an application for such registration in the appropriate form;

- (g) to prepare and furnish to the Governor—
 - (i) as soon as is practicable after 30 March in each year, a report on the operations of the Central Electoral Office during the year that ended on 31 December, and
 - (ii) a copy of the statement of accounts required under section 10 and the Auditor's Report on that statement of accounts;
- (h) to execute and perform all other powers and duties which by this Act are conferred and imposed upon him.
- (3) The Governor shall cause the reports to be laid before the House of Assembly within a period of 3 months after their receipt and thereafter to be made available to the public on one or more government websites.

(4) The Supervisor of Elections may, from time to time, delegate in writing any of the functions, duties or powers conferred upon him by this Act to an election officer, subject to such conditions as he thinks fit.

Appointment of Registration Officers, etc.

- **5.** (1) The Governor may on the recommendation of the Supervisor of Elections appoint an Electoral Registration Officer.
- (2) The Supervisor of Elections may appoint registration officers to assist the Electoral Registration Officer.
- (3) A person may be appointed as a registration officer or as an assistant registration officer for more than one electoral district.
- (4) An electoral registration officer and registration officers shall have such powers and be charged with such duties as specified under the Act.
- (5) Subject to the authority, direction and control of the Electoral Registration Officer, a registration officer and an assistant registration officer shall have all the powers and may perform any of the duties of the Electoral Registration Officer under this Act, other than the consideration of claims and objections.
- (6) Every registration officer shall, before performing his duties, take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed in Form 1 and shall transmit the oath or affirmation to the Supervisor of Elections.

Registration Officers' duties

6. The Electoral Registration Officer shall compile the register of voters for each electoral district in accordance with this Act.

Returning officers

- 7. (1) The Governor may, on the recommendation of the Supervisor of Elections, appoint a fit and proper person who is registered to vote in Anguilla to assist the Supervisor of Elections as the returning officer for each electoral district.
- (2) The Governor may at any time revoke any appointment made by him under this section and make another appointment in place thereof.
- (3) Upon his appointment, each returning officer shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation in Form 2 and shall transmit such oath or affirmation to the Supervisor of Elections.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Supervisor of Elections may perform the duties of a returning officer if the need arises.

Oaths or affirmations

- **8.** (1) The following persons are authorised and empowered to administer any oath required to be taken by any person under Parts 2 to 5—
 - (a) a Magistrate;

- (b) a Justice of the Peace;
- (c) the Supervisor of Elections; or
- (d) any returning officer or presiding officer or poll clerk appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) Every person who is required to take an oath under any of Parts 2 to 5 may elect to make a solemn affirmation instead of taking such oath.

Funds of the Central Electoral Office

9. The funds of the Central Electoral Office shall consist of monies that are appropriated to it by the House of Assembly for the purposes of this Act.

Accounts and audit

- 10. (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall cause proper accounts of all financial transactions of the Central Electoral Office to be kept in a form as the Accountant General may direct.
- (2) The Supervisor of Elections shall, within 3 months after the end of each financial year, prepare a statement of the accounts of the Central Electoral Office.
- (3) The accounts required to be kept under subsection (1) and the statement of accounts required under subsection (2) shall be audited by the Chief Auditor, as soon as is practicable and in any case within 4 months after the end of each financial year.

Appointment of staff

- 11. (1) The Central Electoral Office shall be provided with such staff as the Governor, after consultation with the Supervisor of Elections, considers necessary for the efficient administration of this Act.
- (2) The administrative expenses of the Central Electoral Office, including salaries and allowances payable to persons serving with the Central Electoral Office, shall be charged to the Consolidated Fund.
- (3) The Supervisor of Elections shall prepare the estimate proposals for the Central Electoral Office and shall submit them to the Governor who shall seek the approval of the House of Assembly of the budget as proposed by the Supervisor of Elections.

Premises and supplies

12. Within the funds allocated under section 9, the Central Electoral Office may lease premises and acquire equipment and supplies as are necessary for its efficient operation.

Shared staff, services, etc.

13. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act, the Central Electoral Office may share staff, services, equipment and supplies with any other Government entity.

Protection of Central Electoral Office from legal proceedings

- **14.** (1) No officer is personally liable for any act of the Central Electoral Office done or omitted to be done in good faith in the course of its operation.
- (2) Where any officer is exempt from liability by reason only of subsection (1) the Central Electoral Office is liable to the extent that it would be if the said member were its servant or agent.

Public education during election campaign

15. The Central Electoral Office shall ensure continuous public education on the electoral process.

PART 3

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS

Polling divisions

- **16.** (1) Anguilla shall be divided into—
 - (a) the 7 single-member electoral districts described in Schedule 1; and
 - (b) one single island wide electoral district.
 - (2) Each single-member electoral district shall have at least one polling division.
- (3) The Supervisor of Elections may divide any single-member electoral district into so many polling divisions as he deems necessary and such polling divisions shall be appointed by notice in the *Gazette*.
- (4) The Supervisor of Elections shall establish the boundaries and descriptions of the polling divisions referred to in subsection (3) and such boundaries and descriptions shall be appointed by notice in the *Gazette*.
- (5) The Supervisor of Elections may, by notice in the *Gazette*, vary the number, descriptions and boundaries of any polling division appointed under subsections (3) and (4).
- (6) In determining the boundaries of any polling division, the Supervisor of Elections shall have regard to geographical considerations and such other factors as may affect communication between various places within the polling division.
- (7) The polling divisions of the single island wide electoral district shall be the same as those prescribed and appointed for single-member electoral districts.
- (8) For the avoidance of doubt, the Supervisor of Elections does not have the power to vary the electoral boundaries of any single-member electoral districts described in Schedule 1.

PART 4

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS

Continuous registration

- 17. (1) There shall be continuous registration of all persons qualified to be registered as voters under this Act.
- (2) When a person is qualified or will be qualified on the next qualifying date to be registered as a voter in an electoral district, that person may apply to the Supervisor of Elections to be registered as a voter in that electoral district in Form 3.

Registration of voters

18. A person who is qualified to be registered as a voter under section 43(1) of the Constitution and who wishes to be registered shall appear in person at the Central Electoral Office to have his name entered in the preliminary list of the single-member electoral district in which such person resides in accordance with the Regulations.

Quarterly lists

19. The Supervisor of Elections shall, not later than the 40th day of every quarter in every succeeding year, prepare a quarterly list of voters for every electoral district in accordance with the Regulations.

Preparation of registers

20. The register of voters for every electoral district shall be prepared in accordance with this Part and the Regulations.

Compiling list of voters

21. The Supervisor of Elections shall prepare a list in accordance with section 26.

No registration after issuance of writ for election

22. Where the Governor issues a writ of election pursuant to section 36, no new applications for registration are allowed until after that election.

(Act 9/2020, s. 3)

Householders and others to give information to Supervisor of Elections

- 23. (1) The Supervisor of Elections may require any householder or person owning or occupying any premises to give the information required for the purpose of preparing the preliminary list.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), the Supervisor of Elections may require any householder or person owning or occupying any premises to complete and return to him within 14 days of its receipt by him an application for registration in accordance with the Regulations.

Supervisor of Elections may require attendance of persons

24. (1) The Supervisor of Elections, before entering the name of any person in a preliminary list, may, if he thinks it necessary, require such a person to appear before him and produce his birth

certificate, passport or other documents and make and sign a declaration stating the qualifications for his name to be included in a preliminary list.

(2) The Supervisor of Elections may omit from a preliminary list the name of any person who fails to comply with subsection (1) within one month of being required to do so by the Supervisor of Elections.

Transfer of registration

25. A registered voter who moves his place of residence from within one single-member electoral district to another, may have his name transferred to the list of voters for the single-member electoral district to which he has moved, if he applies in Form 4 and establishes, to the satisfaction of the Supervisor of Elections, proof of residence within the single-member electoral district to which he has moved.

Preliminary list

26. The Supervisor of Elections shall write down in the preliminary list, the names of all persons residing in the single-member electoral district or polling division, as the case may be, who are entitled to be registered as voters and shall sign, date and publish it in accordance with the Regulations.

Omission from the register and objections to registration

27. All claims for registration or for correction of any error or of objection shall be made in accordance with the Regulations.

Hearing of claims and objections

28. The Supervisor of Elections shall hear any claim or objection made under section 27, and such claim or objection shall be considered and determined by the Supervisor of Elections in accordance with the Regulations.

Appeals

- 29. (1) An appeal lies to a Judge of the High Court from any decision of the Supervisor of Elections on any claim or objection that has been considered by him under the Regulations but no appeal lies where a claimant or objector has not availed himself of the opportunity provided under the Regulations of being heard by the Supervisor of Elections on the claim or objection.
- (2) Any claimant or objector desiring to appeal against the decision of the Supervisor of Elections shall give written notice of appeal to the Supervisor of Elections and to the opposite party, if any, not later than 7 days after the decision, specifying the grounds of appeal.
 - (3) The Supervisor of Elections shall—
 - (a) immediately forward—
 - (i) the notice of appeal to the Registrar of the High Court,
 - (ii) a statement of the material facts that, in his opinion, have been established in the case, and

- (iii) his decision on the whole case and on any point that may be specified as a ground of appeal; and
- (b) furnish to the Judge of the High Court any further information that the Judge may require and that the Supervisor of Elections is able to furnish.
- (4) Where it appears to the Supervisor of Elections that any notices of appeal given to him are based on similar grounds, he shall inform the Registrar of the High Court of that fact for the purpose of enabling the Judge, if he thinks fit, to consolidate the appeals or to select a case as a test case.
 - (5) On any appeal under this section, the Supervisor of Elections is a party to the proceedings.
- (6) Every appeal under this section shall be heard and determined by the High Court in the manner prescribed by rules of the High Court, and the costs of the appeal are at the discretion of the Judge.
- (7) The right of a person whose name is for the time being on the list of voters to vote at an election is not prejudiced by an appeal that is pending under this section and any vote given at an election in pursuance of that right is as good as if no appeal were pending.
- (8) Notice shall be sent to the Supervisor of Elections by the Registrar of the Supreme Court of the decision of the Judge on any appeal under this section, and the Supervisor of Elections shall make any alteration in the list of voters that may be required to give effect to the decision.
 - (9) A decision of the High Court given under this section is final.

Rules of High Court

30. The Chief Justice may by regulation amend or replace the Election Petition Rules.

Corrections to the preliminary list

- **31.** The Supervisor of Elections shall make alterations to the preliminary list—
 - (a) to carry out a decision with respect to any claim or objection;
 - (b) to correct any clerical error;
 - (c) to correct any misnomer or inaccurate description;
 - (d) to delete the name of any person who the Supervisor of Elections is satisfied—
 - (i) is not qualified to be registered as a voter under section 43(1) of the Constitution,
 - (ii) is subject to a disqualification as specified in section 44 of the Constitution, or
 - (iii) is dead; and
 - (e) to carry out any other corrections he considers necessary.

Other corrections to the preliminary list

- 32. Where at any time before the issue of a writ under section 36, it appears to the Supervisor of Elections, that it is necessary to make any alteration to the preliminary list, other than an alteration made as a result of a claim or objection to the preliminary list, he shall—
 - (a) forthwith send to the person affected by the alteration a notice stating the nature of the proposed alteration;
 - (b) give the person an opportunity of—
 - (i) objecting to the alteration, and
- (ii) if necessary, of appearing and being heard in accordance with section 28, and the Supervisor of Elections may thereafter make such alteration, as seems to him to be necessary.

Revised preliminary list to be certified and deemed Register of Voters

- 33. (1) On completion of the revision of the preliminary list for each single-member electoral district or polling division, as the case may be, the Supervisor of Elections shall prepare and publish a preliminary list of voters for every electoral district in accordance with this section—
 - (a) in a general election, not later than the 72nd day of every quarter of every succeeding year; or
 - (b) in the case of an election other than a general election, not later than 3 days after the issue of a writ for election.
- (2) The preliminary list referred to in subsection (1) shall be published by notification in the *Gazette* and in such other manner as the Supervisor of Elections deems fit and the he shall make such copies available at such places as he may select for public inspection until the coming into force of the next Register of Voters.
- (3) The copies published under subsection (2) are deemed to be the Registers of Voters for the single-member electoral district to which they refer and shall be used for a general election of members of the Assembly and for any other election to fill a vacancy in the seat of the member of the Assembly representing the relevant district.
- (4) The Register of Voters for all single-member electoral districts shall constitute the Register of Voters for the single island wide electoral district and shall be used for all elections for members of the Assembly to represent that district.
- (5) For the avoidance of doubt, for the purpose of any election to seats in the single-member electoral district and single island wide electoral district—
 - (a) the revised preliminary list of voters referred to in subsection (1) is deemed to be the Register of Voters;
 - (b) any person validly registered on such list is entitled to vote within the single-member electoral district in which he is registered;

- (c) a person referred to in paragraph (b) is entitled to vote for one of the candidates in relation to the single-member electoral district and for up to four candidates in relation the single island wide electoral district.
- (6) If the insertion of any name in the Register of Voters or the deletion of any name therefrom is necessary—
 - (a) as the result of an appeal from a decision of the Supervisor of Elections;
 - (b) due to the death of a person; or
 - (c) for any other sufficient cause,

such insertion or deletion shall be made by the Supervisor of Elections.

(7) Where an insertion is made under subsection (6) the Supervisor of Elections shall number any name inserted with the same number as the preceding name followed by a letter or letters.

Voters' Database and voter registration cards

- **34.** (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall establish, maintain and update an electronic database (hereinafter referred to as "the Voters' Database").
 - (2) The following information shall be entered in separate sections of the Voters' Database—
 - (a) the name of each person listed in any current Register of Voters for a single-member electoral district:
 - (b) the name of each person who was denied entry from a preliminary list on the grounds that—
 - (i) he is not qualified to be registered as a voter under section 43 of the Constitution, or
 - (ii) he is subject to a disqualification as specified in section 44 of the Constitution;
 - (c) the name of each person whose name has, in accordance with this Act, been deleted from any preliminary list or Register of Voters;
 - (d) an image or photograph of the person on the Register of Voters; and
 - (e) such other information as the Supervisor of Elections may determine for the purpose of ascertaining the identity of each such person.
- (3) Each person whose name is entered on the Voters' Database may be assigned an identification number.
- (4) For the purpose of any election or any referendum under any Referendum Act (in this Act referred to as "a referendum"), the Supervisor of Elections shall issue to each person whose name is listed in any current Register of Voters, a voter registration card prescribed in Form 5 or containing such other information as the Supervisor of Elections may determine for the purpose of—

- (a) ascertaining the identity of each such person;
- (b) registering the fact that such person is entitled to vote at an election or referendum; or
- (c) registering the fact that such person has voted at an election or referendum.
- (5) Information on a voter registration card shall include a photograph of the person to whom it is issued and may include information stored on a magnetic strip, bar code or other device.
- (6) The Governor shall, by Order published in the *Gazette*, authorise the Supervisor of Elections to vary the contents of voter registration cards issued under subsection (4), subject to such terms and conditions as may be specified in the Order.
- (7) The Supervisor of Elections shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the Voters' Database is designed so as to prevent a person from determining—
 - (a) the candidate for whom a person voted;
 - (b) the party affiliation of a person; and
 - (c) in the case of a referendum, the manner in which a person voted.
- (8) Where, upon an application in Form 6, the Supervisor of Elections is satisfied that a voter registration card is—
 - (a) lost;
 - (b) mutilated;
 - (d) destroyed; or
 - (e) defaced,

he shall, upon payment of any reasonable administrative fee, issue the applicant with a duplicate voter registration card.

- (9) For the purpose of security, an electronic backup copy of the Voters' Database shall be kept at a secure location designated by the Governor and such location shall be outside the premises of the Elections Office.
- (10) No person is prevented from voting in any election or referendum by reason only that he is not in possession of a voter registration card issued or authorised for the purposes of that election or referendum, provided that the person produces other identification considered by the Supervisor of Elections as sufficient proof of his entitlement to vote.
- (11) In any case where information in a Register of Voters conflicts with information in the Voters' Database, the Register of Voters shall prevail.
- (12) An election officer who makes an entry in the Voters' Database which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, or which he does not believe to be true, commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment, to a fine of \$19,200 or imprisonment for 2 years.

- (13) An election officer who issues a voter registration card, or causes a voter registration card to be issued, to a person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is not entitled to be the holder of that voter registration card, commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment, to a fine of \$19,200 or imprisonment for 2 years.
- (14) A person who, with intent to deceive, forges a voter registration card, commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment, to a fine of \$19,200 or imprisonment for 2 years.
- (15) A person who knowingly, with intent to deceive, uses any forged voter registration card for the purposes of enabling him to vote in an election or referendum, commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment, to a fine of \$19,200 or imprisonment for 2 years.

PART 5

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ELECTIONS

Early general elections

35. If a motion that the Assembly should declare a lack of confidence in the Government of Anguilla receives in the Assembly the affirmative votes of $^2/_3$ of all the elected members, the Governor shall dissolve the Assembly and shall act in his discretion in appointing the date for the ensuing general election under section 64 of the Constitution.

Issue of writs for holding elections

- **36.** (1) For the purpose of every general election of members of the Assembly, and for the purpose of the election of members to vacancies in such membership, the Governor shall issue a writ under the Public Seal of Anguilla addressed to the returning officers of the respective electoral districts for which members are to be returned.
- (2) The writ issued under subsection (1) shall be forwarded to the Supervisor of Elections for transmission to the returning officers.
 - (3) Every writ shall be in Form 7 and shall specify—
 - (a) the day and place of nomination of candidates;
 - (b) the day on which, if it is necessary, the poll shall be taken (being not less than 14 days after the day of such nomination); and
 - (c) the day on which such writ shall be returnable to the Governor.
- (4) A writ for an election in the single island wide electoral district shall specify the number of members to be elected in that district.
- (5) Upon receipt of such writ, every returning officer shall proceed to hold the election in the manner hereinafter provided.

(6) Where there is a return of any member elected to serve in the Assembly, and that member submits his resignation to the Governor signalling his intent not to serve as an elected member in the House of Assembly, a writ shall be issued in respect of that electoral district and all proceedings for an election shall commence afresh for the purpose of filling the seat left vacant by the resignation of the elected member.

Nomination and uncontested elections

- 37. (1) On receiving a writ referred to in section 36, every returning officer shall publish a notice in Form 8 of the day and place fixed for the nomination of candidates.
- (2) Such notice shall be published at least 7 clear days before the day fixed for such nomination.
 - (3) Nomination papers shall be provided by the returning officer and shall be in Form 9.
- (4) On the day and at the place so fixed for the nomination of candidates every returning officer shall attend between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. and between the hours of 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. and receive the nomination papers, and each candidate so nominated shall present to the returning officer a receipt issued pursuant to section 38.
- (5) Every candidate for election shall be nominated on one nomination paper by at least two registered voters of the electoral district for which such candidate seeks election.
- (6) The nominated candidate shall consent to his nomination on such nomination paper and witnessed by one person who can attest to his consent of his nomination.
- (7) The nominated candidate shall swear the affidavit at the foot of Form 8 that he is, to the best of his knowledge, not disqualified under the provisions of the Constitution from contesting and being elected as a member of the Assembly.
- (8) No candidate shall be deemed not to have been validly nominated by reason only of the fact that, subsequent to nomination day, a person by whom his nomination paper was signed is struck off the Register of Voters for the relevant electoral district.
 - (9) If at 4:00 p.m. on the day fixed for nomination in—
 - (a) a single-member electoral district, only one candidate has been nominated for the seat to be filled, the returning officer shall declare the candidate elected; or
 - (b) the single island wide electoral district, the number of candidates nominated equals or is less than the number of seats to be filled,

the returning officer shall declare those candidates elected.

- (10) Where the returning officer declares a candidate to be elected pursuant to subsection (9) the officer shall—
 - (a) immediately certify by endorsement on the writ in accordance with the Regulations the return of such candidate or candidates; and

- (b) return the writ so endorsed to the Supervisor of Elections for transmission to the Governor within the time specified for that purpose in the writ.
- (11) Where the number of candidates elected in the single island wide electoral district pursuant to subsection (9)(b), is less than the number of seats to be filled, the returning officer shall, after communication with the Supervisor of Elections, adjourn the election of the remaining seats.
- (12) Subject to subsections (13) and (14) any nominated candidate may, not less than 3 clear days before the day fixed for taking the poll, withdraw his candidature.
- (13) A withdrawal under subsection (12) shall be by notice, signed by him, and presented to the returning officer.
- (14) A nominated candidate is permitted to withdraw, provided that on such withdrawal there remains—
 - (a) in an election in a single-member electoral district, no fewer than one duly nominated candidate; or
 - (b) in an election in the single island wide electoral district, no fewer candidates than the number of seats to be filled in that election.
 - (15) Subject to subsection (19), where a candidate has withdrawn after the ballots are printed—
 - (a) the returning officer shall advise each presiding officer of his electoral district of the withdrawal and, when time permits, shall distribute to each presiding officer a printed notice of the withdrawal; and
 - (b) the candidate is subject to a penalty of \$5,000.
- (16) On polling day each presiding officer shall post a copy of the printed notice of withdrawal in a conspicuous place in his polling station.
- (17) If time does not permit for the printing and distribution of the notice referred to in subsection (16), the presiding officer, upon being advised by the returning officer of the withdrawal of any candidate, shall himself prepare by hand a notice to that effect and post it in a conspicuous place in his polling station.
- (18) In either case referred to in subsections (16) and (17), the presiding officer shall, when delivering a ballot to a voter, inform the voter of the withdrawal of the candidate.
 - (19) If, after a withdrawal—
 - (a) in a single-member electoral district, there remains only one candidate;
 - (b) in the single island wide electoral district, there remain no more candidates than the number of seats to be filled at the election.

the returning officer shall return as duly elected the candidate or candidates so remaining without waiting for the day fixed for the taking of the poll.

(20) Where before the closing of the poll, the returning officer becomes aware that any candidate has died since the close of nomination, he shall, after consulting the Supervisor of Elections, adjourn the election in that electoral district.

(21) Where—

- (a) the election in an electoral district is adjourned on account of the death of a candidate; or
- (b) the election in the single island wide electoral district is adjourned in the circumstances set out in subsection (11)

the period of adjournment shall not exceed one month

- (22) In the circumstances described in subsection (21), the Governor shall by Proclamation amend the writ already issued to alter—
 - (a) the day for the nomination of candidates;
 - (b) the day for the holding of the poll, if a polling day is necessary; and
 - (c) the day on which the name of the elected member or members shall be certified to him.
- (23) In the case referred in subsection (21)(b), the Governor's Proclamation shall also state the number of seats remaining to be filled.

Deposit

- **38.** (1) A candidate for election, or someone on his behalf, shall deposit at the Inland Revenue Department, on or before the day of his nomination, the sum of \$1,000 and, if he fails to do so, the nomination of such candidate is deemed to be withdrawn.
- (2) The deposit shall be made in legal tender and a receipt shall be given by the Inland Revenue Department.

When deposit forfeited or returned

- **39.** (1) If a candidate who has made a deposit under section 38 is not elected, and the number of votes polled by him—
 - (a) in an election in a single-member electoral district does not exceed 1/8 of the total number of votes polled in the election in that district; or
 - (b) in an election in the single island wide electoral district does not exceed such proportion of the number of votes polled in that election as is determined by the application of the formula—

8 x the number of seats to be filled at that election

the amount deposited is forfeited to the Crown.

- (2) Where the candidate's votes exceed the minimum referred to in subsection (1), the deposit shall be returned by the Accountant General as soon as is practicable after the result of the election is declared—
 - (a) to the candidate;
 - (b) to his legal personal representative; or
 - (c) to the person by whom the deposit was made, as the case may be.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the number of votes polled is deemed to be the number of ballot papers counted.
 - (4) In determining the number of votes polled the rejected ballot papers shall not be counted.

Contested elections and power to adjourn poll

- **40.** (1) If—
 - (a) in a single-member electoral district more than one candidate is duly nominated;
 - (b) in the single island wide electoral district there are more candidates nominated than there are seats to be filled,

a poll shall be taken.

- (2) Where a poll is required to be taken pursuant to subsection (1), the returning officer shall adjourn the election to the polling day specified in the writ and the poll shall be taken on such day in the manner hereinafter provided.
- (3) The returning officer shall, as soon as is practicable after adjourning the election, publish a notice in accordance with the Regulations specifying—
 - (a) the day and time on which the poll will be taken;
 - (b) the locations of the polling stations in the electoral district at which the poll will be taken;
 - (c) the names of the candidates nominated for election;
 - (d) the name of the place where the votes will be counted for each candidate in each electoral district; and
 - (e) the day and time where the counting of votes referred to in paragraph (d) will take place.
 - (4) Where the proceedings at any polling station are interrupted or obstructed by—
 - (a) a riot or open violence;
 - (b) the occurrence of any earthquake, hurricane, flood, or fire;

- (c) an outbreak of pestilence or infectious disease; or
- (d) any other calamity whether similar to those specified in paragraphs (a) to (c) or not, the presiding officer may adjourn the proceedings until the following day and thereafter from day to day as may be necessary and shall immediately give notice to the returning officer.
 - (5) Where the poll is adjourned at any polling station—
 - (a) the hours of polling on the day to which it is adjourned shall be the same as for the original day; and
 - (b) references in this Act to the close of the poll shall be construed accordingly.
- (6) Where any election is uncontested the returning officer shall execute and deliver a return in Form 10 to the Supervisor of Elections.

Polling stations

- 41. (1) Subject to subsection (4), on the day named in the notice published under section 40(3) for the taking of the poll, the returning officer shall cause to be opened in the electoral district to which he is appointed such number of polling stations as the Supervisor of Elections shall determine.
- (2) The returning officer shall provide each polling station with such number of compartments as he may consider necessary to enable voters to record their votes screened from observation.
- (3) Unless the writ otherwise directs, polling stations shall be opened at 6:00 a.m. and shall be closed at 7:00 p.m.
- (4) In a general election, the same polling stations shall be used for the single island wide electoral district as are used for single-member electoral districts in which there is a contested election.
- (5) The same presiding officer may be appointed to a polling station for the election in the single island wide electoral district and for the election in the relevant single-member electoral district.

Presiding officers

- **42.** (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall, subject to the approval of the Governor, appoint a presiding officer who is registered to vote in Anguilla to attend at each polling station to receive the votes, but he shall not so appoint any person who has been employed by or on behalf of a candidate in the contested election.
 - (2) The Supervisor of Elections may himself, if he thinks fit, preside at any polling station.
- (3) Notwithstanding section 41(5) the Supervisor of Elections may appoint different presiding officers for the single-member electoral districts and the single island wide electoral district for the purpose of receiving the votes at a polling station.
- (4) Upon his appointment, every presiding officer shall take and subscribe an oath in Form 11 and shall transmit such oath to the Supervisor of Elections.

Poll clerks

- **43.** (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall, subject to the approval of the Governor, appoint one or more poll clerks, who are registered voters in Anguilla, for every polling station in an electoral district.
- (2) Upon appointment, every poll clerk shall take and subscribe an oath in accordance with Form 12 and shall transmit such oath to the Supervisor of Elections.
- (3) Where a presiding officer who is appointed to attend a polling station dies or becomes incapable of performing his duties during the taking of the poll, the poll clerk appointed to the aforementioned polling station shall immediately assume the office of presiding officer.
- (4) Where more than one poll clerk is appointed to a polling station the returning officer shall nominate one of the poll clerks to assume the office of presiding officer pursuant to subsection (3).
- (5) Where a poll clerk assumes the office of presiding officer pursuant to subsections (3) and (4) the returning officer shall appoint some other person to act as a poll clerk in his place.
- (6) Where a poll clerk dies or becomes incapable of performing his duties during the taking of the poll, the presiding officer shall immediately appoint some other person to act as poll clerk.
- (7) Every appointment made under this section shall be immediately reported to the Supervisor of Elections by the person making the appointment.

Ballot boxes

- **44.** (1) Where the manual voting system is used, the Supervisor of Elections shall supply to each returning officer an appropriate number of ballot boxes for the polling stations in his electoral district. (Act 9/2020, s. 6(a))
 - (2) Every ballot box shall—
 - (a) be made of some durable material;
 - (b) be constructed so that a security tag can be used to secure the ballot box, preventing any person from removing contents of the ballot box without removing the tag; and
 - (c) have a slit or narrow opening on the top and be so constructed that the ballot papers may be inserted into the box but cannot be withdrawn from the box unless the security tag referred to in subsection (2)(b) is removed.

Electronic tabulating machines

- **45.** (1) The Supervisor of Elections shall supply to each returning officer an appropriate number of electronic tabulating machines for the polling stations in his electoral district.
 - (2) A ballot box shall be attached to each electronic tabulating machine.
- (3) Every tabulating machine shall have a slit or narrow opening on the top through which ballot papers may be inserted into the machine.
 - (4) Every tabulating machine shall be so constructed that—

- (a) the contents of the attached ballot box cannot be removed without detaching the ballot box from the machine; and
- (b) a seal can be used to seal the opening preventing any person inserting any ballot papers into the ballot box following the close of poll.

(Act 9/2020, s. 7)

Supplies of election material

46. (1) Where the manual voting system is used, the returning officer shall provide each presiding officer with a ballot box and such number of ballot papers as in the opinion of the returning officer may be necessary.

(Act 9/2020, s. 8(a))

(2) Where the electronic voting system is used, the returning officer shall provide each presiding officer or group of presiding officers with an electronic tabulating machine and such number of ballot papers as in the opinion of the returning office may be necessary.

(Act 9/2020, s. 8(b))

- (3) In a general election, and on any other occasion when the same polling station is used for an election both for the single island wide electoral district and for a single-member electoral district, the part of the ballot paper for the single island wide electoral district shall be separated by a line from the part of the ballot paper for the single-member electoral district.
- (4) In an election to fill a vacancy in the single island wide electoral district, the ballot papers provided shall list only the candidates for election to fill the vacancy.
 - (5) The returning officer shall provide each polling station with—
 - (a) a statement showing the number of ballot papers so provided, with the serial numbers on the ballots:
 - (b) the necessary materials to enable voters to mark the ballot papers;
 - (c) the necessary materials for putting the official mark on the ballot papers;
 - (d) at least 2 copies of the Register of Voters certified by him relating to the single-member electoral district in which the polling station is located or situated;
 - (e) at least 3 copies of the directions for the guidance of voters in accordance with Form 13:
 - (f) a blank poll book;
 - (g) the forms of oaths to be administered to voters or other persons; and
 - (h) such other things as may be necessary for conducting the election in the manner provided by this Act.
- (6) The Register of Voters referred to in subsection (5)(d) is hereinafter called the "official list of voters".

Taking of poll and the ballot

47. (1) The poll shall be taken in each electoral district by secret ballot in accordance with sections 54, 55, 56 and 59.

(Act 9/2020, s. 9)

- (2) The ballot of each voter shall be a printed paper as specified in Form 14 (hereinafter called a "ballot paper") in which the names, addresses, occupations and symbols of the candidates, alphabetically arranged in the order of their surnames and numbered accordingly shall be printed exactly as they are set out in the nomination paper.
- (3) The poll for the single island wide electoral district shall take place simultaneously with the poll for each single-member electoral district.
- (4) Each ballot paper shall have a separate section with the same information specified in subsection (2) for each of the candidates in the single island wide electoral district and there shall be a dividing line between the part of the ballot paper for the single-member electoral district and the part of the ballot for the single island wide electoral district.
- (5) Each ballot paper shall have attached to it a counterfoil with a number printed on the face of the ballot paper and there shall be a line of perforations between the ballot paper and the counterfoil.

Polling and counting agent

- **48.** (1) Each political party or independent candidate may, before the commencement of the poll, appoint not more than—
 - (a) two polling agents to attend at a polling station, but only one of those polling agents shall remain in the polling station at any given time, provided that this shall not be construed as preventing a polling agent from handing over his duties to another polling agent in the polling station within such period and in such manner as may be directed by the Supervisor of Elections; and
 - (b) two counting agents to attend at the counting of the votes.
 - (2) An agent may be appointed on behalf of more than one candidate.
 - (3) Every appointment of an agent shall be—
 - (a) in writing and shall state the name and address of the person appointed; and
 - (b) duly signed by the political party or independent candidate.
- (4) The appointment referred to in subsection (3) shall be given to the presiding officer or the returning officer as the case may be.

Inspection of polling station

49. Each presiding officer shall, on or before the day fixed for taking the poll, visit his polling station and see that it is supplied with the proper conveniences as specified in the aforementioned sections for taking the poll.

Where voter shall vote

- **50.** (1) Every person whose name appears upon the official list of voters for any polling division is entitled to vote in that polling division—
 - (a) in an election in the single-member electoral district in which that polling division is located; and
 - (b) in an election for the single island wide electoral district.
- (2) Subject to section 60 no person is entitled to vote in any polling division unless his name appears on the official list of voters in respect of that polling division.
 - (3) No person shall vote—
 - (a) at more than one polling station on the same day;
 - (b) in more than one single-member electoral district on the same day;
 - (c) more than once in the same single-member electoral district on the same day;
 - (d) more than once in the same election in the single island wide electoral district.
- (4) Any person who contravenes subsections (2) or (3) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$2,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months.

Restriction on voting

- **51.** (1) In an election in a single-member electoral district no person shall vote for more than one candidate.
 - (2) In a general election in the single island wide electoral district no person shall vote—
 - (a) for more than 4 candidates; or
 - (b) more than once for any one candidate.
- (3) In an election other than a general election in the single island wide electoral district no person shall vote—
 - (a) for more candidates than there are seats to be filled; or
 - (b) more than once for any one candidate.

Use of manual and electronic voting system

52. For the purposes of this Act the manual voting system or the electronic voting system may be used for general elections or in any other election or referendum in Anguilla.

(Act 9/2020, s. 10)

Testing of electronic tabulating machines

- 53. (1) Where the electronic voting system is to be used for general elections, on any day not more than 10 days prior to the election day, the Supervisor of Elections shall conduct the testing of the electronic tabulating machines to ascertain that the equipment will be without error.
- (2) A public notice of the time and place for the testing of the electronic tabulating machines under subsection (1) shall be provided by the Supervisor of Elections at least 40 hours prior to such testing, by publication or announcement in designated media service of general circulation in Anguilla.
- (3) Upon testing of the electronic tabulating machines, the Supervisor of Elections shall certify the accuracy of the tests and such tests shall be open to representatives of political parties, independent candidates, members of the press and the general public.
- (4) Where any errors are detected upon the testing of the electronic tabulating machines, the cause for such errors shall be ascertained and corrected, and an errorless count shall be made on each machine before each electronic machine is approved for use in the election.
- (5) For the purpose of this section the electronic tabulating machines shall be tested with or without the use of electricity.

(Act 9/2020, s. 11)

Proceeding at poll (manual voting system)

54. (1) At the hour fixed for opening the poll the presiding officer and the poll clerk shall, in the view of the candidates, their agents and voters that are present, open the ballot box to confirm that there are no ballot papers or other papers inside the ballot box.

(Act 9/2020, s. 12)

- (2) The presiding officer shall, in the view of the candidates, their agents, and voters that are present—
 - (a) examine the security tag securing the ballot box from the advance polls referred to in section 64(4) in order to verify the serial number on the security tag securing the ballot box matches the serial number recorded pursuant to section 64(1);
 - (b) examine the seals to ensure it bears the signature of the presiding officer at the advanced poll and has not been tampered with;
 - (c) open the ballot box, after complying with paragraph (a) and (b), and shall, without examining them, transfer the ballot papers from the ballot box from the advance polls to the ballot box referred to in subsection (1) and such ballot box shall be secured with a security tag.
 - (3) The presiding officer shall—
 - (a) record the serial number of the security tag referred to in subsection (2)(c) on a form supplied by the Supervisor of Elections and said form shall be dated and initialled by the presiding officer and the agents present;

- (b) place the box on a table in full view of all present, where it shall remain until the close of the poll; and
- (c) call on the voters to vote.
- (4) The presiding officer shall secure the admittance of every voter in the polling station and shall see that they are not impeded from voting.
- (5) Every voter, upon entering the polling station, shall declare his name, address, date of birth and occupation, or present his voter registration card if any has been issued to him. The poll clerk shall then ascertain if the name of the voter appears on the official list of voters used at the polling station. When it has been confirmed that the person is qualified to vote at the polling station, his name, address and occupation shall be entered in the poll book to be kept by the poll clerk in accordance with the Regulations, a number corresponding to the number allotted to the voter on the official list of voters shall be prefixed to the voter's name in the appropriate column of the poll book, and the voter shall be immediately allowed to vote, unless an election officer or any agent of a candidate present at the polling station desires that he be first sworn.
 - (6) The poll clerk shall—
 - (a) make such entries in the poll book opposite the name of each voter as the presiding officer directs in accordance with this Act:
 - (b) enter in the poll book opposite the name of each voter the word "voted" immediately after the voter's ballot paper has been deposited in the ballot box;
 - (c) enter in the poll book the word "Sworn" or "Affirmed" opposite the name of each voter, to whom any oath or affirmation has been administered indicating the nature of the oath or affirmation; and
 - (d) enter in the poll book the words "Refused to be sworn" or "Refused to affirm" or "Refused to answer" opposite the name of each voter who has refused to take an oath or affirmation, when he has been legally required to do so, or has refused to answer questions which he has been legally required to answer.

Proceeding at poll (electronic voting system)

- 55. (1) At the hour fixed for opening the poll the presiding officer and the poll clerk shall, in the view of the candidates, their agents and voters that are present unlock the equipment to confirm that there are no ballot papers or other papers inside the ballot box attached to the electronic tabulating machine.
- (2) The presiding officer shall, in the view of the candidates, their agents, and voters that are present—
 - (a) lock the machine referred to in subsection (1) and the locked machine shall remain locked and in full view of those present until the close of poll;
 - (b) record the unique serial number of the machine referred to in subsection (1) on a form supplied by the Supervisor of Elections and said form shall be dated and initialled by the presiding officer and the agents present;

- (c) verify that the public count is zero on each electronic tabulating machine;
- (d) verify the accuracy of the date and time on the electronic tabulating machine;
- (e) confirm that each electronic tabulating machine is in counting mode;
- (f) correctly insert the media stick into the machine;
- (g) record the unique serial number of the media stick referred to in paragraph (f) on the form supplied by the Supervisor of Elections in paragraph (b) and said form shall be dated and initialled by the presiding officer and the agents present;
- (h) at minimum, cause each electronic tabulating system to generate a report for written confirmation that the public count on each electronical tabulating machine is zero and the presiding officer, poll clerk and candidates or agents present shall sign the report; and
- (i) insert the report into a designated pouch and store in a secure location to be returned with elections materials.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) where any electronic tabulating machine was used for the conduct of an advance poll, the presiding officer shall, at the hour fixed for opening the poll and in the view of the candidates, their agents and voters that are present—
 - (a) run the tape of each electronic tabulating machine used to conduct the advance poll to generate a report for written confirmation that the count on each report matches the count on each report generated at the end of the advance poll in accordance with section 65 and the presiding officer, poll clerk and candidates or agents present shall sign and date the report;
 - (b) use the form referred to in 65(1)(f) to ensure the same media stick used for each tabulating machine at the advance poll is re-inserted into the same machine;
 - (c) insert the media stick referred to in paragraph (b) in the correct machine;
 - (d) verify the accuracy of the date and time on the electronic tabulating machine;
 - (e) confirm that each electronic tabulating machine is in counting mode; and
 - (f) insert the report referred to in paragraph (a) into a designated pouch and store in a secure location to be returned with elections materials.
- (4) The presiding officer shall secure the admittance of every voter in the polling station and shall see that they are not impeded from voting.
- (5) Every voter, upon entering the polling station, shall declare his name, address, date of birth and occupation, or present his voter registration card if any has been issued to him. The poll clerk shall then ascertain if the name of the voter appears on the official list of voters used at the polling station. When it has been confirmed that the person is qualified to vote at the polling station, his name, address and occupation shall be entered in the poll book to be kept by the poll clerk in accordance with the Regulations, a number corresponding to the number allotted to the voter on the

official list of voters shall be prefixed to the voter's name in the appropriate column of the poll book, and the voter shall be immediately allowed to vote, unless an election officer or any agent of a candidate present at the polling station desires that he be first sworn.

- (6) The poll clerk shall—
 - (a) make such entries in the poll book opposite the name of each voter as the presiding officer directs in accordance with this Act;
 - (b) enter in the poll book opposite the name of each voter the word "voted" immediately after the voter's ballot paper has been deposited in the ballot box;
 - (c) enter in the poll book the word "Sworn" or "Affirmed" opposite the name of each voter, to whom any oath or affirmation has been administered indicating the nature of the oath or affirmation; and
 - (d) enter in the poll book the words "Refused to be sworn" or "Refused to affirm" or "Refused to answer" opposite the name of each voter who has refused to take an oath or affirmation, when he has been legally required to do so, or has refused to answer questions which he has been legally required to answer.

(Act 9/2020, s. 13)

Procedures for poll to be followed for each election

- **56.** The procedures for conducting the poll prescribed in this Act shall apply to each election whether it is—
 - (a) a general election for the single island wide electoral district;
 - (b) a general election for a single-member electoral district; or
 - (c) a general election for both the single island wide electoral district and for a singlemember electoral district.

Admission to polling stations

- 57. (1) The presiding officer shall keep order at his polling station and shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted at a time.
 - (2) The presiding officer shall exclude all persons except—
 - (a) the Supervisor of Elections;
 - (b) the returning officer of the electoral district;
 - (c) the poll clerk;
 - (d) the candidates;
 - (e) one agent for each political party or independent candidate appointed in accordance with section 48;

- (f) any approved international observers; and
- (g) the police officers on duty.
- (3) The agents referred to in subsection (2) shall be posted where they can—
 - (a) see each person who presents himself as a voter; and
 - (b) hear the voter's name as given by him.
- (4) The agent's position shall not allow him to see the marked ballot paper of any voter.
- (5) The agents shall not unduly interfere in the proceedings at the polling station whilst carrying out their duties under this Act.
- (6) If any person persists, after being warned, in disobeying the directions of the presiding officer or in acting in contravention of this section, it shall be lawful for the presiding officer to cause him to be removed from the polling station.

General mode of taking ballot (manual voting system)

58. (1) Each voter, after identifying himself, shall receive from the presiding officer a ballot paper on which such officer has previously placed his initials as directed in accordance with the Regulations, and on the counterfoil of which he has placed a number corresponding to the consecutive number on the official list of voters and entered in the poll book opposite the name of the voter.

- (2) The presiding officer shall—
 - (a) instruct the voter how to make his selection, which shall be a cross ("X") or shading the designated oval sign, by referring him to a specimen ballot paper posted in a conspicuous place at the polling station;
 - (b) remove the counterfoil from the ballot paper and insert the ballot paper into a protective folder before handing the folder with the ballot paper to the voter; and
 - (c) provide the voter with a pen to mark his ballot.
- (3) Immediately after complying with the subsections (1) and (2), the presiding officer shall direct the voter to—
 - (a) remove the ballot paper from the protective folder;
 - (b) mark the ballot paper to make his selection; and
 - (c) insert the marked ballot paper directly into the slit or narrow opening of the ballot box.
- (4) Where the voter is unable to vote in the manner prescribed by this Act due to age, illiteracy, or physical incapacity the presiding officer may assist the voter in marking the ballot paper.

- (5) Notwithstanding subsection (4) the presiding officer shall not discuss with the voter who the latter intends to vote for.
- (6) The voter, on receiving the ballot paper shall immediately enter one of the polling compartments in the polling station and mark a cross ("X") or shade the designated oval sign, on his ballot paper using the pen provided.
- (7) The cross ("X") and shading referred to in subsection (6) shall be marked within the oval opposite the name of the candidate for whom the voter intends to vote in the single-member electoral district and, in the case of the single island wide electoral district where there is more than one seat to be filled, the voter shall mark the cross ("X") within the designated oval sign or shade the designated oval sign opposite the names of the candidates for whom he intends to vote.
- (8) The voter shall then deposit the marked ballot paper into the ballot box and return the empty protective folder to the presiding officer.
- (9) A voter who has made an error on the ballot paper given to him under subsection (8) shall return that ballot paper to the presiding officer and the presiding officer shall cancel it by writing the word "spoiled" across the back of the same and shall give another ballot paper to that voter in accordance with subsection (2)(b).
- (10) Every voter shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as his ballot paper has been deposited into a ballot box.
- (11) If at the hour of the closing of polls in accordance with section 41(3), there are any voters who—
 - (a) are qualified to vote, but have not been able to do so since their arrival at the polling station; and
 - (b) are in the line of waiting voters,

the poll shall be kept open to enable such persons to vote in accordance with the directions of the presiding officer.

(12) Where there are any matters or issues to be determined with respect to the circumstances referred to in subsection (11), the presiding officer shall make a decision and the decision of the presiding officer is final.

General mode of taking ballot (electronic voting system)

- 59. (1) Each voter, after identifying himself, shall receive from the presiding officer a ballot paper on which such officer has previously placed his initials as directed in accordance with the Regulations, and on the counterfoil of which he has placed a number corresponding to the consecutive number on the official list of voters and entered in the poll book opposite the name of the voter.
 - (2) The presiding officer shall—
 - (a) instruct the voter how to make his selection, which shall be a cross ("X") or shading the designated oval sign, by referring him to a specimen ballot paper posted in a conspicuous place at the polling station;

- (b) remove the counterfoil from the ballot paper and insert the ballot paper into a protective folder before handing the folder with the ballot paper to the voter; and
- (c) provide the voter with a pen to mark his ballot.
- (3) Immediately after complying with the subsections (1) and (2), the presiding officer shall direct the voter to—
 - (a) remove the ballot paper from the protective folder;
 - (b) mark the ballot paper to make his selection; and
 - (c) insert the marked ballot paper directly into the slit or narrow opening of the electronic tabulating machine.
- (4) Where the voter is unable to vote in the manner prescribed by this Act due to age, illiteracy, or physical incapacity the presiding officer may assist the voter in marking the ballot paper.
- (5) Notwithstanding subsection (4) the presiding officer shall not seek to influence the voter with regard to who the latter intends to vote for.
- (6) The voter, on receiving the ballot paper shall immediately enter one of the polling compartments in the polling station and mark a cross ("X") or shade the designated oval sign, on his ballot paper using the pen provided.
- (7) The cross ("X") and shading referred to in subsection (6) shall be marked within the oval opposite the name of the candidate for whom the voter intends to vote in the single-member electoral district and, in the case of the single island wide electoral district where there is more than one seat to be filled, the voter shall mark the cross ("X") within the designated oval sign or shade the designated oval sign opposite the names of the candidates for whom he intends to vote.
- (8) The voter shall insert the marked ballot paper directly into the slit or narrow opening of the electronic tabulating machine and return the empty protective folder to the presiding officer.
- (9) A voter who has made an error on the ballot paper given to him shall return that ballot paper to the presiding officer and the presiding officer shall cancel it by writing the word "spoiled" across the back of the same and shall give another ballot paper to that voter in accordance with subsection (2)(b).
- (10) Once the voter inserts the marked ballot paper directly into the slit or narrow opening of the electronic tabulating machine, the machine will scan, count and record the number of votes given to each candidate.
- (11) Where a voter inserts a marked ballot paper into the electronic tabulating machine and the machine does not detect an error, the machine will accept the ballot.
- (12) Where a voter inserts a marked ballot paper into the electronic tabulating machine and the machine detects an error, the machine will alert the voter by displaying on the screen one of the following messages—
 - (a) over-voted; or

- (b) under-voted.
- (13) The screen of the electronic tabulating machine will display the message over-voted where—
 - (a) the voter has selected more than one candidate on the ballot paper in the singlemember electoral district; or
 - (b) the voter has selected more candidates on the ballot paper than the number to be returned in the election for the single island wide electoral district.
- (14) The screen of the electronic tabulating machine will display the message under-voted where—
 - (a) the voter has not selected a candidate on the ballot paper in the single-member electoral district;
 - (b) the voter has selected a number of candidates on the ballot paper that is less than the number to be returned in the election for the single island wide electoral district; or
 - (c) the voter has not selected a candidate at all.
- (15) Where the machine alerts the voter to an error and displays a message referred to in (12)(a) or (b) the machine will display two options to the voter—
 - (a) cast; or
 - (b) return.
- (16) Where the voter selects the cast option, the electronic tabulating machine will accept the ballot.
 - (17) Where the voter selects the return option, the ballot will be returned to the voter and—
 - (a) where the voter under-voted he may correct the ballot and re-insert the corrected ballot into the electronic tabulating machine; or
 - (b) where the over has over-voted he shall return that ballot paper to the presiding officer and the presiding officer shall cancel it by writing the word "spoiled" across the back of the same and shall give a new ballot paper to that voter in accordance with subsection (2)(b).
- (18) Every voter shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as his ballot paper has been inserted into the electronic tabulating machine.
- (19) If at the hour of the closing of polls in accordance with section 41(3), there are any voters who—
 - (a) are qualified to vote, but have not been able to do so since their arrival at the polling station; and

(b) are in the line of waiting voters,

the poll shall be kept open to enable such persons to vote in accordance with the directions of the presiding officer.

(20) Where there are any matters or issues to be determined with respect to the circumstances referred to in subsection (19), the presiding officer shall make a decision and the decision of the presiding officer is final.

(Act 9/2020, s. 15)

Questions which may be put to a voter

- **60.** (1) The presiding officer may, and shall if requested by a candidate or his agent, put to the voter the following questions—
 - (a) Are you the same person whose name appears as "A.B." on the official list of voters now in force for this polling division?
 - (b) Have you already voted at this election either here or elsewhere?
 - (2) The presiding officer shall refuse to give a person a ballot paper where that person—
 - (a) refuses to answer the questions referred to in subsection (1); or
 - (b) answers "no" to the question referred to in subsection (1)(a); or
 - (c) answers "yes" to the question referred to in subsection (1)(b).
- (3) Where a person makes a false answer to the questions referred to in subsection (1) he is guilty of an offence and liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of \$9,600 and to imprisonment for 6 months.

Mode of taking ballot in special cases

- 61. (1) Where a person who presents himself to be a voter applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such person, he is entitled to receive a ballot paper and to vote after he takes the oath of identity in Form 15 and otherwise proves his identity to the satisfaction of the presiding officer by producing—
 - (a) at least one Government issued identification, such as his voter registration card, driver's licence, or passport; or
 - (b) any other identification acceptable to the presiding officer.
- (2) In any case under subsection (1), the presiding officer shall put his initials on the ballot paper and print a number on the counterfoil attached to the ballot paper, which shall correspond to the number allotted to the voter on the official list of voters entered in the poll book opposite the name of such voter, and the poll clerk shall enter in the poll book—
 - (a) the name of such voter;
 - (b) a note stating that a person, using the same identity of the aforementioned voter, has voted:

- (c) the fact of the oath of identity having been required and taken, and the fact of any other proof of identity so required and accepted; and
- (d) any objections made by the candidates or on behalf of any of the candidates.
- (3) The presiding officer, on the application of any voter who is incapable of voting in the manner prescribed by this Act, by reason of being an elderly person, illiteracy or any physical incapacity, shall—
 - (a) require the voter making such application to take the oath of the incapacity to vote without assistance—
 - (i) in the case of a voter who is incapable by reason of a physical incapacity, in accordance with Form 17; or
 - (ii) in the case of a voter who is incapable by reason of being an elderly person or of illiteracy, in accordance with Form 18;
 - (b) subject to subsection (4), assist such voter by marking his ballot paper in the manner directed by such voter in the presence of the poll clerk and of the sworn agents of the candidates and of no other person, and
 - (c) place the person's ballot in the ballot box;
- (4) The presiding officer shall, at the request of any voter under subsection (3), who is accompanied by a friend who is a voter in the single-member electoral district, permit the friend to accompany the voter into the polling compartment and mark the voter's ballot paper for him, but a person shall not at any election be allowed to act as such friend to more than one voter.
- (5) Any friend who, in accordance with subsection (4), is permitted to mark the ballot paper of a voter who is unable to mark his ballot paper by reason of being an elderly person, illiteracy or any physical incapacity shall first be required to take an oath in accordance with Form 19.
- (6) Where a voter's ballot paper has been marked by the presiding officer or a friend under this section, the poll clerk shall enter in the poll book opposite the voter's name, in addition to any other requisite entry, the reason why such ballot paper was so marked.
 - (7) For the purposes of this section "friend" includes family and relatives.

Voting where discrepancy of minor nature exists or where an oath is required

- 62. (1) Where there is contained in the official list of voters a name, address and occupation which corresponds so closely with the name, address and occupation of a person by whom a ballot paper is demanded so as to suggest that the entry in such list of voters was intended to refer to him, such person shall, upon taking the oath or affirmation in Form 20 and complying in all other respects with the provisions of this Act, be entitled to receive a ballot paper and to vote.
- (2) In any case referred to in subsection (1), the name, address and occupation shall be correctly entered in the poll book and the fact that the oath has been taken shall be entered in the relevant column of the poll book.

- (3) A voter, if required by the presiding officer, the poll clerk, one of the candidates, an agent of a candidate or any other voter present, shall before receiving his ballot paper take an oath in Form 21 and, if he refuses to take such oath, the words "Refused to be sworn" shall then be written next to his name on the official list of voters and in the poll book, if such name has been entered in said book.
- (4) For the avoidance of doubt, a voter who refuses to take an oath under subsection (3) is entitled to receive a ballot paper and to vote.

Advance polls

- 63. (1) Where any voter who is duly registered in the Register of Voters for an electoral district in which an election is pending is unable to attend the polling station on the day appointed for the taking of poll because—
 - (a) of that voter's employment on the date of the poll, as—
 - (i) a police officer, customs officer, immigration officer, doctor, nurse, emergency medical technician,

(Act 9/2020, s. 16)

- (ii) a person employed in the Central Electoral Office, or
- (iii) an election officer;
- (b) of that voter's physical incapacity; or
- (c) that voter is 70 years or older;

it shall be lawful for such a voter to record his vote at an advance poll to be held for the purpose at such place, and on such date not earlier than 3 days prior to polling day, as the Supervisor of Elections may, by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint for that purpose.

- (2) For the purpose of voting at any advance poll, a voter referred to in subsection (1) shall, not later than 10 days after the issue of the writ for election, apply to the Supervisor of Elections in Form 22 for a specially issued card enabling him to vote at an advance poll and the signature of the applicant shall be witnessed in writing by the Supervisor of Elections.
- (3) A voter to whom subsection (1) applies, who desires to vote at an advance poll is allowed to vote in like manner as he would have been entitled to do on the day appointed for the taking of the poll, except that he shall not be allowed to vote at an advance poll unless he produces the card specially issued under subsection (2).
- (4) Unless the writ otherwise directs, polling stations established for the purpose of recording advance polls shall be opened between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.
- (5) The Supervisor of Elections may extend the time specified in subsection (4) by Notice published in the *Gazette*.
- (6) The Supervisor of Elections may direct that all polling stations established for the purpose of recording advance polls are to be placed at the same location.

Conduct of advance polls (manual voting system)

- **64.** (1) At an advance poll a separate ballot box shall be provided for each polling division of each electoral district and at the close of such poll the officer conducting the poll shall—
 - (a) count and record the number of counterfoils;
 - (b) seal the ballot box with the seal provided by the Supervisor of Elections and cause the presiding officer to place his initials on the seal; and
 - (c) secure the ballot box with a security tag and record on a form supplied by the Supervisor of Elections, the serial number of the security tag used to secure each ballot box.

(Act 9/2020, s. 17)

- (2) The officer conducting the poll shall, after complying with subsection (1), complete the prescribed form in accordance with section 67(1)(j) and the Regulations.
 - (3) The presiding officer and the agents present shall—
 - (a) examine the security tag used to secure the ballot box to ascertain that the serial number on the security tag matches the serial number recorded by the officer conducting the poll pursuant to subsection (1)(c); and
 - (b) place their initials and the date on the form referred to in subsection (1)(c).
- (4) The ballot boxes with the ballot papers taken at an advance poll along with all the relevant forms shall be immediately given to the Supervisor of Elections by the officer conducting the poll and such ballot boxes and forms shall be kept intact, in a vault in the office of the Supervisor of Elections, until delivery by him on polling day in the election to the presiding officer at the polling station identified for the casting of votes within the electoral district to which the packet relates.
- (5) The presiding officer shall open every ballot box referred to subsection (4) immediately before the commencement of the poll at an election in the presence of any persons who are authorised under this Act to be present at that time and shall place the ballot papers without examining them into the empty ballot box at his poll before he secures it with a security tag.
- (6) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that the provisions of this Act applying to voters, proceedings at poll, the voting procedure and to elections shall apply so far as is convenient to the taking of an advance poll as they apply to the taking of a poll at an election.

Conduct of advance polls (electronic voting system)

- 65. (1) At an advance poll an electronic tabulating machine shall be provided for each polling division of each electoral district and at the close of such poll the officer conducting the poll shall—
 - (a) record on a form supplied by the Supervisor of Elections the serial number of the electronic tabulating machine used at his poll along with the serial number of the media stick used in said machine and cause the presiding officer to place his initials and date on the form;
 - (b) count and record the number of counterfoils;

- (c) seal the slit or narrow opening of the electronic tabulating machine with the seal provided by the Supervisor of Elections and cause the presiding officer to place his initials and date on the seal;
- (d) select "close poll" on the electronic tabulating machine and run the paper tape to generate the report of the votes cast;
- (e) initial and date the report referred to in paragraph (d);
- (f) remove the media stick placing it in the designated pouch with the form referred to in paragraph (a) and the printed and signed report referred to in paragraph (e); and
- (g) secure the designated pouch with a security tag and record on a form supplied by the Supervisor of Elections, the serial number of the security tag used to secure each pouch.
- (2) The officer conducting the poll shall, after complying with subsection (1), complete the prescribed form in accordance with the provisions of section 67(1)(j) and the Regulations.
 - (3) The presiding officer and the agents present shall—
 - (a) examine the security tag used to secure the designated pouch to ascertain that the serial number on the security tag matches the serial number recorded by the officer conducting the poll pursuant to subsection (1)(f); and
 - (b) place their initials and the date on the form referred to in subsection (1)(f).
- (4) The electronic tabulating machine used at an advance poll along with all the relevant forms and the designated pouch shall be immediately given to the Supervisor of Elections by the officer conducting the poll and said electronic tabulating machine forms and pouches shall be kept intact, in a vault in the office of the Supervisor of Elections, until delivery by him on polling day in the election to the presiding officer at the polling station identified for the casting of votes within the electoral district to which the pouch relates.
- (5) The presiding officer shall examine the seal of each tabulating machine and pouch referred to in subsection (4) immediately before the commencement of the poll at an election, in the presence of any persons who are authorised under this Act to be present at that time, to ensure the seal on the machine and the security tag on the pouch was not broken and that it displays the initials of the presiding officer in subsection (1)(b).
- (6) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that the provisions of this Act applying to voters, proceedings at poll, the voting procedure and to elections shall apply so far as is convenient to the taking of an advance poll as they apply to the taking of a poll at an election.

(Act 9/2020, s. 18)

Who may be present at the polling station

- **66.** (1) The following persons are permitted to remain in the polling station during the time the poll remains open—
 - (a) presiding officer;

- (b) any poll clerk;
- (c) the Supervisor of Elections;
- (d) the returning officer of the electoral district;
- (e) the candidates;
- (f) one agent for each political party or independent candidate;
- (g) the police officers on duty; and
- (h) international observers.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) no candidate and his agent shall be in the same polling station at the same time for more than 5 consecutive minutes.
- (3) Before being admitted to any polling station the agents, shall take an oath in Form 23 to keep secret the name of the candidate for whom any of the voters has marked his ballot paper in his presence.
- (4) Subject to subsection (3) agents may, with the permission of the presiding officer, leave and return to the polling station at any time during polling day.
- (5) An agent who has left the polling station on polling day must return to the polling station one hour prior to the close of the poll.

Proceedings at the close of poll (manual voting system)

- 67. (1) Immediately upon the close of the poll for an election the presiding officer shall, in the order given, perform the following acts—
 - (a) announce the close of poll;
 - (b) record in the poll book, in the manner specified in paragraph (e), the hour at which the poll was closed;
 - (c) seal the ballot boxes with the seal provided by the Supervisor of Elections and place his initials on the seal;
 - (d) count the number of voters whose names appear in the poll book as having voted;
 - (e) make an entry in the poll book in the space immediately below the name of the voter who voted last and the entry shall include the following information—
 - (i) the name of the polling station,
 - (ii) the number (written in words) of voters who voted at this election in the named polling station,
 - (iii) the hour at which the polling station was closed, and

- (iv) the signature of the presiding officer;
- (f) count the counterfoils of all used ballot papers and place them in the special envelopes supplied for that purpose and indicate on the envelopes in words the number of counterfoils counted and seal the envelopes and initial them;
- (g) where there are spoiled ballot papers, count and place them in the special envelopes supplied for that purpose and indicate on the envelopes in words the number of spoiled ballot papers counted and seal the envelopes and initial them;
- (h) count the unused ballot papers, place them in the special envelopes supplied for that purpose and indicate on the envelopes in words the number of such unused ballot papers, and seal the envelopes and initial them;
- (i) check the number of ballot papers supplied by the returning officer against the number of spoiled ballot papers, if any, the number of unused ballot papers and the number of voters whose names appear in the poll book as having voted in order to ascertain that all ballot papers are accounted for; and
- (j) record the number of ballot boxes in his possession, the number of ballot papers issued to voters, the number of unused ballot papers, the number of spoiled ballot papers and all other information required in accordance with Form 24 and attach his signature to the document containing the aforementioned information.

(Act 9/2020, s. 19)

- (2) The ballot boxes, poll book, envelopes containing the counterfoils of the used ballot papers, spoiled and unused ballot papers, official list of voters, and other documents used at a polling station for the election shall be transmitted to the returning officer who shall transmit the aforementioned materials to the place identified for the counting of votes.
- (3) The presiding officer shall, with the ballot boxes and aforementioned papers, transmit to the returning officer for the appropriate district, in the envelope provided for that purpose, the keys of such ballot boxes.
- (4) The returning officer for each single-member electoral district may specially appoint one or more persons for the purpose of collecting the ballot boxes and papers aforementioned from specified polling stations, and such persons shall, on delivering the ballot boxes and papers to the returning officer, take the oath in Form 25.
- (5) The House of Assembly or a polling station in a single-member electoral district may be designated as the place to conduct the counting of votes for both the single-member electoral districts and the single island wide electoral district.
- (6) No ballot boxes shall be moved from the place identified for the counting of votes until all ballots for that district have been counted and the provisions of section 69 have been fulfilled.
- (7) When the ballots in an electoral district have been counted for both the single-member electoral district and the island wide district, the ballot boxes and papers shall be transported to such other place identified by the Supervisor of Elections.

- (8) Subject to subsection (9), the candidates or their agents are entitled to accompany the ballot boxes and documents referred to in subsection (2), to the place identified for the counting of votes and subsequently to such other place identified by the Supervisor of Elections.
- (9) Where the conveyance carrying the ballot boxes cannot comfortably accommodate more than one polling agent or candidate, a polling clerk and a police officer shall accompany the ballot boxes. The polling agent or agents and candidates shall, if they so desire, be allowed to follow the conveyance carrying the ballot boxes in a separate conveyance in convoy.

Proceedings at the close of poll (electronic voting system)

- **68.** (1) Immediately upon the close of the poll for an election the presiding officer shall, in the order given, perform the following acts—
 - (a) announce the close of poll;
 - (b) record in the poll book, in the manner specified in paragraph (g), the hour at which the poll was closed;
 - (c) seal the slit or narrow opening of the electronic tabulating machine with the seal provided by the Supervisor of Elections and place his initials on the seal;
 - (d) select "close poll" on the electronic tabulating system and run the paper tape to generate the report of the votes cast;
 - (e) record the total number of voters who voted as shown by the report generated in paragraph (d);
 - (f) sign and initial the report referred to in paragraph (d);
 - (g) verify that the number of voters whose names appear in the electronic poll book as having voted matches the number shown on the report generated by the electronic tabulating system;
 - (h) make an entry in the electronic poll book in the space immediately below the name of the voter who voted last and the entry shall include the following information—
 - (i) the name of the polling station,
 - (ii) the number (written in words) of voters who voted at this election in the named polling station,
 - (iii) the hour at which the polling station was closed, and
 - (iv) the signature of the presiding officer;
 - (i) remove the media stick referred to in 55(2)(f), placing it with the printed report, and insert it into a designated pouch along with the report generated at the opening of the poll referred to in section 55(1)(a);

- (j) seal the designated pouch and on a form provided by the supervisor of elections record the serial number on the seal and said form shall be dated and initialled by the presiding officer and the agents;
- (k) place the designated pouch along with other election materials into the designated carrying case;
- (l) lock and secure the electronic tabulating machine and election materials ensuring they are secure from unauthorised physical interference;
- (m) count the counterfoils of all used ballot papers and place them in the special envelopes supplied for that purpose and indicate on the envelopes in words the number of counterfoils counted and seal the envelopes and initial them;
- (n) where there are spoiled ballot papers, count and place them in the special envelopes supplied for that purpose and indicate on the envelopes in words the number of spoiled ballot papers counted and seal the envelopes and initial them;
- (o) count the unused ballot papers, place them in the special envelopes supplied for that purpose and indicate on the envelopes in words the number of such unused ballot papers, and seal the envelopes and initial them;
- (p) check the number of ballot papers supplied by the returning officer against the number of spoiled ballot papers, if any, the number of unused ballot papers and the number of voters whose names appear in the poll book as having voted in order to ascertain that all ballot papers are accounted for; and
- (q) record the number of electronic tabulating machines in his possession, the number of ballot papers issued to voters, the number of unused ballot papers, the number of spoiled ballot papers and all other information required in accordance with Form 24 and attach his signature to the document containing the aforementioned information.
- (2) The electronic tabulating machines, electronic poll book, envelopes containing the counterfoils of the used ballot papers, spoiled and unused ballot papers, official list of voters, and other documents used at a polling station for the election shall be transmitted to the returning officer who shall transmit the aforementioned materials to the place identified for the counting of votes.
- (3) The presiding officer shall, with the electronic tabulating machines and aforementioned papers, transmit to the returning officer for the appropriate district, in the envelope provided for that purpose, the keys of such ballot boxes.
- (4) The returning officer for each single-member electoral district may specially appoint one or more persons for the purpose of collecting the electronic tabulating machines and papers aforementioned from specified polling stations, and such persons shall, on delivering the ballot boxes and papers to the returning officer, take the oath in Form 25.
- (5) The House of Assembly or a polling station in a single-member electoral district may be designated as the place to conduct the counting of votes for both the single-member electoral districts and the single island wide electoral district.

- (6) No electronic tabulating machine moved from the place identified for the counting of votes until all ballots for that district have been counted and the provisions of section 69 have been fulfilled.
- (7) When the ballots in an electoral district have been counted for both the single-member electoral district and the island wide district, the electronic tabulating machine and papers shall be transported to such other place identified by the Supervisor of Elections.
- (8) Subject to subsection (9), the candidates or their agents are entitled to accompany the electronic tabulating machine and documents referred to in subsection (2), to the place identified for the counting of votes and subsequently to such other place identified by the Supervisor of Elections.
- (9) Where the conveyance carrying the electronic tabulating machines cannot comfortably accommodate more than one polling agent or candidate, a polling clerk and a police officer shall accompany the electronic tabulating machines. The polling agent or agents and candidates shall, if they so desire, be allowed to follow the conveyance carrying the electronic tabulating machines in a separate conveyance in convoy.

(Act 9/2020, s. 20)

Counting of votes (manual voting system)

69. (1) Subject to subsection (2), after the ballot boxes from every polling station within a single-member electoral district have been received, the returning officer shall perform the duties outlined in subsection (3).

(Act 9/2020, s. 21)

- (2) The returning officer shall perform the duties outlined in subsection (3)—
 - (a) in the presence of the candidates or their agents;
 - (b) where a candidate is absent or unrepresented, in the presence of the other candidates or agents and in the presence of persons authorised to be present at the counting of the votes where the candidates or his agents are absent; or
 - (c) where none of the candidates is represented, in the presence of at least two voters.
- (3) The duties referred to in subsection (1) are as follows—
 - (a) examine the ballot boxes and envelopes received from each polling station one at a time, ensuring that the seals on the ballot boxes and the envelopes are securely affixed;
 - (b) examine the serial number on the security tag of each ballot box from each polling station to ensure it matches the serial number recorded by the presiding officer pursuant to section 54(3);
 - (c) count and record the number of ballot boxes and envelopes received from each polling station, ensuring that all ballot boxes and envelopes are accounted for in accordance with this Act;

- (d) distribute tally sheets to not less than two poll clerks and two witnesses upon which they shall keep their own score as each vote is called out by the returning officer;
- (e) open each ballot box, one at a time, in order to count the votes;
- (f) count and record the number of votes given to each candidate;
- (g) reject all ballot papers—
 - (i) which have not been supplied by him,
 - (ii) which have not been marked for any candidate,
 - (iii) on which votes have been given for more than one candidate in the singlemember electoral district,
 - (iv) on which votes have been given for more than 4 candidates in the election for the single island wide electoral district, or
 - (v) upon which there is any writing or mark by which the voter could be identified.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(g), no ballot paper shall be rejected by reason only that—
 - (a) the "X" or shading is marked outside the space provided;
 - (b) the presiding officer failed to remove the counterfoil; or
 - (c) there is any writing, number or mark placed on the ballot paper by the presiding officer.

if there is a clear indication for which candidate the voter intended to vote.

- (5) The Supervisor of Elections may, for the purposes of an election in the single island wide electoral district, appoint additional returning officers and counting agents, as he thinks fit, to deal with the counting of votes in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (6) If in the course of counting the votes any ballot paper is found with the counterfoil still attached to it, the returning officer shall, after carefully concealing the numbers on the counterfoil on the ballot paper from all persons present and without examining them himself, remove the counterfoil.
- (7) If in the course of counting the votes the returning officer discovers that the presiding officer has omitted to affix his initials to any ballot paper as provided by section 58(1), he shall—
 - (a) in the presence of a poll clerk and such of the candidates or their agents as are present, affix his initials to the ballot paper; and
 - (b) count such ballot paper as if it had been initialled by the presiding officer in the first place; provided that he is satisfied that the ballot paper is one that has been returned by the voter to the presiding officer and also that every ballot paper returned to the presiding officer has been accounted for in accordance with section 67(1)(i).

- (8) The returning officer shall record in the poll book every objection made by any candidate or his counting agent or any voter present to any ballot paper found in a ballot box and shall decide every question arising out of the objection.
- (9) The decision of the returning officer pursuant to subsection (8) is final, subject to reversal on petition questioning the election or return, and every such objection shall be numbered and a corresponding number placed on the back of the ballot paper and initialled by the returning officer.
- (10) Where the tabulation of the number of votes pursuant to this section results in a margin of less than one half percent of the total votes cast, or in an equality of votes, between—
 - (a) the two leading candidates in a single-member electoral district; or
- (b) the fourth and fifth leading candidates in the single island wide electoral district, there shall be an automatic recount of the votes.
- (11) Notwithstanding subsection (10), immediately after the counting of the votes pursuant to this section has been completed, a candidate or his counting agent present at the count may, by completing Form 27, demand a recount.
- (12) Unless the returning officer considers the demand under subsection (11) to be unreasonable having regard to the result of the first count, he shall proceed to recount the votes to ascertain the result of the poll.
 - (13) The returning officer shall, after the count or recount of the votes as the case may be—
 - (a) subject to the final declaration made by the Supervisor of Elections under subsection (21)—
 - (i) in the case of a single-member electoral district, declare the candidate who is found to have the largest number of votes to be elected as the member for the electoral district, and
 - (ii) in the case of the single island wide electoral district, declare the number of votes received by each candidate;
 - (b) place into separate envelopes the ballot papers cast for each candidate and the rejected ballot papers and place these along with all other papers, lists, documents and records of the result of the count conducted for that district into packets and indicate on the packet in words the district from which those ballot papers, other papers, lists, documents and records came and shall seal and initial the packet. Where the agents or the witnesses present desire, the returning officer may allow them to seal the packets or initial the packets in addition to or instead of the returning officer and the returning officer shall place the packets in a ballot box or boxes and seal the said box or boxes;
 - (c) complete Form 26; and

- (d) cause to be delivered to the Supervisor of Elections at the place identified pursuant to section 67(5) the following items—
 - (i) all ballot boxes containing the initialled and sealed packets,
 - (ii) envelope containing the security tags used to secure each ballot box, and
 - (iii) a statement showing the total number of votes polled for each candidate within that district in accordance with Form 25.
- (14) Subject to subsection (15), as soon as is practicable after he receives all ballot boxes, envelopes, statements and packets, the Supervisor of Elections shall ascertain the total votes cast in favour of each candidate by checking the votes polled for each candidate recorded on the statement submitted by the returning officers of each district and thereafter make a declaration in accordance with subsection (21).
- (15) Where a ballot box has been destroyed or is missing, the Supervisor of Elections shall ascertain the cause of the destruction or loss and shall complete the validation of the results from the statement of the votes recorded by the returning officer for that district.
- (16) If at any time before the counting of votes is completed in accordance with this section, any ballot box used at any polling station is destroyed, lost, damaged or tampered with, to such an extent that the result of the poll at that polling station cannot be ascertained, the returning officer for the particular district from which that box came, shall immediately report the matter to the Supervisor of Elections.
- (17) After taking all the material circumstances into account, the Governor shall, in consultation with the Supervisor of Elections—
 - (a) declare by proclamation the poll at the polling station referred to under subsection (16) to be void and issue such directions as he thinks fit for the resumption and completion of the counting of votes and of the election; and
 - (b) issue a writ under the Public Seal of Anguilla addressed to the relevant returning officer, appointing a day, and fixing the hours for the taking of a new poll at that polling station.
- (18) The poll under subsection (17)(b) shall be held at the appropriate polling station or stations in accordance with this Act as if it is the original poll.
- (19) The Supervisor of Elections shall adjourn the declaration of results pursuant to subsection (21) until the taking of the new poll in accordance with subsection (17)(b) has been completed.
- (20) For the avoidance of doubt, it is declared that all provisions relating to proceedings at the close of poll, transporting of ballot boxes, statements etc., to counting and recounting of votes and to elections shall be complied with as regards all other polling stations to which subsection (16) does not apply.

- (21) On the completion of the count or recount, as the case may be, in an election—
 - (a) in a single-member electoral district to return one member to the House, the candidate with the largest number of votes shall be declared by the Supervisor of Elections to be elected as a member for the single-member electoral district; and
 - (b) in the single island wide electoral district to return more than one member to the House, the number of candidates equal to the members to be returned with the largest number of votes shall be declared by the Supervisor of Elections to be elected as members for the single island wide electoral district.
- (22) Whenever after the count of votes (including any recount) is completed, an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote would entitle any of those candidates to be elected—
 - (a) in the case of a single-member electoral district, a new writ shall be issued in respect of that electoral district and all proceedings for an election of a member for that electoral district shall commence afresh; and
 - (b) in the case of the single island wide electoral district, the single returning officer shall declare elected any candidate or candidates who received a larger number of votes than the number so found equal and a new writ shall be issued and all proceedings shall be commenced afresh for the election of a member or members to fill the remaining vacancy or vacancies.
- (23) The proceedings for an election commenced by the new writ issued in subsections 22(a) and (b) shall be between those candidates where an equality of votes is found to exist.

Counting of votes (electronic voting system)

- 70. (1) Where the electronic voting system is used, the returning officer, subject to subsection (2), shall perform the duties outlined in subsection (3), after the designated pouches from every polling station within a single-member electoral district have been received.
 - (2) The returning officer shall perform the duties outlined in subsection (3)—
 - (a) in the presence of the candidates or their agents;
 - (b) where a candidate is absent or unrepresented, in the presence of the other candidates or agents and in the presence of persons authorised to be present at the counting of the votes where the candidates or his agents are absent; or
 - (c) where none of the candidates is represented, in the presence of at least two voters.
 - (3) The duties referred to in subsection (1) are as follows—
 - (a) examine the designated pouches and the envelopes received from each polling station one at a time, ensuring that the seals on the pouches and the envelopes are securely affixed;

- (b) examine the serial number on the security tag of each designated pouch from each polling station to ensure it matches the serial number recorded by the presiding officer at each polling station;
- (c) count and record the number of designated pouches and envelopes received from each polling station, ensuring that all designated pouches and envelopes are accounted for in accordance with this Act;
- (d) distribute tally sheets to not less than two poll clerks and two agents or witnesses upon which they shall record the total votes cast for each candidate in the single member electoral district and the single island wide electoral district;
- (e) open each pouch, one at a time, and cause an IT technician to insert each media stick, one at a time, into a laptop to access the result of the poll for each electoral district..
- (f) cause the overhead display screen linked to the laptop referred to in paragraph (e) to display the results of the poll for each electoral district simultaneously;
- (g) total the votes for each candidate in the single member electoral district and the single island wide electoral district.
- (4) Where the tabulation of the number of votes pursuant to this section results in a margin of one percent but not less than one half percent of the total votes cast between—
 - (a) the two leading candidates in a single-member electoral district; or
 - (b) the fourth and fifth leading candidates in the single island wide electoral district after the votes from all polling stations are tabulated;

there shall be an automatic electronic re-tabulation of the votes.

- (5) Where the margin of victory in subsection (4) is less that one half percent of a percent of the total votes cast or there is an equality of votes, there shall be a manual recount of the votes.
- (6) Notwithstanding an automatic recount referred to in subsections (4) and (5), a candidate or his counting agent present at the count may, by completing Form 27, demand a recount.
- (7) Unless the returning officer considers the demand under subsection (6) to be unreasonable having regard to the result of the first count, he shall proceed to initiate an electronic recount of the votes to ascertain the result of the poll.
- (8) The recount referred to in subsections (4), (5), (6) and (7) shall only be initiated after the first count is completed for each of the single member electoral districts and the recount shall be conducted in accordance with 71(3).

- (9) The returning officer shall, after the count or recount of the votes as the case may be—
 - (a) subject to the final declaration made by the Supervisor of Elections under subsection (17)—
 - (i) in the case of a single-member electoral district, declare the candidate who is found to have the largest number of votes to be elected as the member for the electoral district, and
 - (ii) in the case of the single island wide electoral district, declare the number of votes received by each candidate;
 - (b) place the media sticks from each polling station back into their designated pouch and reseal pouch;
 - (c) detach the ballot box from each electronic tabulating machine, one at a time, and remove the ballot papers from the ballot box and place into separate envelopes the ballot papers cast and place these along with all other papers, lists, documents and records of the result of the count conducted for that district into packets and indicate on the packet in words the district from which those ballot papers, other papers, lists, documents and records came and shall seal and initial the packet. Where the agents or the witnesses present desire, the returning officer may allow them to seal the packets or initial the packets in addition to, or instead of, the returning officer and the returning officer shall place the packets in a ballot box or boxes and seal the said box or boxes;
 - (d) complete Form 26; and
 - (e) cause to be delivered to the Supervisor of Elections at the place identified pursuant to section 67(5) the following items—
 - (i) all ballot boxes containing the initialled and sealed packets,
 - (ii) envelope containing the security tags used to secure each ballot box, and
 - (iii) a statement showing the total number of votes polled for each candidate within that district in accordance with Form 25.
- (10) Subject to subsection (11), as soon as is practicable after he receives all media sticks, envelopes, statements and packets, the Supervisor of Elections shall ascertain the total votes cast in favour of each candidate by checking the votes polled for each candidate recorded on the statement submitted by the returning officers of each district and thereafter make a declaration in accordance with subsection (17).
- (11) Where a media stick has been destroyed or is missing, the Supervisor of Elections shall ascertain the cause of the destruction or loss and shall complete the validation of the results from the statement of the votes recorded by the returning officer for that district.
- (12) If at any time before the counting of votes is completed in accordance with this section, any media stick used at any polling station is destroyed, lost, damaged or tampered with, to such an extent that the result of the poll at that polling station cannot be ascertained, the returning officer for

the particular district from which that media stick came, shall immediately report the matter to the Supervisor of Elections.

- (13) After taking all the material circumstances into account, the Governor shall, in consultation with the Supervisor of Elections—
 - (a) declare by proclamation the poll at the polling station referred to under subsection (12) to be void and issue such directions as he thinks fit for the resumption and completion of the counting of votes and of the election; and
 - (b) issue a writ under the Public Seal of Anguilla addressed to the relevant returning officer, appointing a day, and fixing the hours for the taking of a new poll at that polling station.
- (14) The poll under subsection (13)(b) shall be held at the appropriate polling station or stations in accordance with the provisions of this Act as if it is the original poll.
- (15) The Supervisor of Elections shall adjourn the declaration of results pursuant to subsection (17) until the taking of the new poll in accordance with subsection (13)(b) has been completed.
- (16) For the avoidance of doubt, it is declared that all provisions relating to proceedings at the close of poll, transporting of electronic tabulating machines with their ballot boxes, statements etc., to counting and recounting of votes and to elections shall be complied with as regards all other polling stations to which subsection (12) does not apply.
 - (17) On the completion of the count or recount, as the case may be, in an election—
 - (a) in a single-member electoral district to return one member to the House, the candidate with the largest number of votes shall be declared by the Supervisor of Elections to be elected as a member for the single-member electoral district;
 - (b) in the single island wide electoral district to return more than one member to the House, the number of candidates equal to the members to be returned with the largest number of votes shall be declared by the Supervisor of Elections to be elected as members for the single island wide electoral district.
- (18) Whenever after the count of votes (including any recount) is completed, an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote would entitle any of those candidates to be elected—
 - (a) in the case of a single-member electoral district, a new writ shall be issued in respect of that electoral district and all proceedings for an election of a member for that electoral district shall commence afresh;
 - (b) in the case of the single island wide electoral district, the single returning officer shall declare elected any candidate or candidates who received a larger number of votes than the number so found equal and a new writ shall be issued and all proceedings shall be commenced afresh for the election of a member or members to fill the remaining vacancy or vacancies.

(19) The proceedings for an election commenced by the new writ issued in subsections 18(a) and (b) shall be between those candidates where an equality of votes is found to exist.

(Act 9/2020, s. 22)

Counting of votes (manual voting system and electronic tabulating machines)

71. (1) Where the manual voting system is used to cast votes and the electronic tabulating machine is used to count said votes, the returning officer, subject to subsection (2), shall perform the duties outlined in subsection (3), after the ballot boxes from every polling station within a single-member electoral district have been received.

(Act 9/2020, s. 23(a) and (b))

- (2) The returning officer shall perform the duties outlined in subsection (3)—
 - (a) in the presence of the candidates or their agents;
 - (b) where a candidate is absent or unrepresented, in the presence of the other candidates or agents and in the presence of persons authorised to be present at the counting of the votes where the candidates or his agents are absent; or
 - (c) where none of the candidates is represented, in the presence of at least two voters.
- (3) The duties referred to in subsection (1) are as follows—
 - (a) examine the ballot boxes and envelopes received from each polling station one at a time, ensuring that the seals on the ballot boxes and the envelopes are securely affixed;
 - (b) examine the serial number on the security tag of each ballot box from each polling station to ensure it matches the serial number recorded by the presiding officer at each polling station;
 - (c) count and record the number of ballot boxes and envelopes received from each polling station, ensuring that all ballot boxes and envelopes are accounted for in accordance with this Act:
 - (d) distribute tally sheets to not less than two poll clerks and two agents or witnesses, upon which they shall record any votes cast on ballots specified in subsection (5);
 - (e) verify that the public count is zero on each electronic tabulating system;
 - (f) verify the accuracy of the date and time on the electronic tabulating system;
 - (g) confirm that each electronic tabulating system is in counting mode;
 - (h) open each ballot box, one at a time, and insert each ballot paper into the electronic tabulating system. The electronic tabulating system will scan, count and record the number of votes given to each candidate; and
 - (i) reject all ballot papers—
 - (i) which have not been supplied by him, and

- (ii) upon which there is any writing or mark by which the voter could be identified.
- (4) The electronic tabulating system will reject all ballot papers—
 - (a) which have not been marked for any candidate;
 - (b) on which votes have been given for more than one candidate in the single-member electoral district; or
 - (c) on which votes have been given for more than four candidates in the election for the single island wide electoral district.
- (5) Notwithstanding subsections (3)(i) and (4) no ballot paper shall be rejected by reason only that—
 - (a) the "X" or shading is placed outside the space provided and cannot be read by the electronic tabulating system;
 - (b) the "X" or shading is placed inside the space provided and can be read by the electronic tabulating system on the part of the ballot with the single member electoral district candidates but the "X" or shading is placed outside the space provided and cannot be read by the electronic tabulating system on part of the ballots with the single island wide electoral district candidates;
 - (c) the "X" or shading is placed inside the space provided and can be read by the electronic tabulating system on the part of the ballot with the single island wide electoral district candidates but the "X" or shading is placed outside the space provided and cannot be read by the electronic tabulating system on part of the ballots with the single member electoral district candidates;
 - (d) the presiding officer failed to remove the counterfoil; or
 - (e) there is any writing, number or mark placed on the ballot paper by the presiding officer:

if there is a clear indication for which candidate the voter intended to vote.

- (6) The Supervisor of Elections may, for the purposes of an election in the single island wide electoral district, appoint additional returning officers and counting agents, as he thinks fit, to deal with the counting of votes in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (7) If in the course of inserting the ballot papers in the electronic tabulating system to be scanned and counted, any ballot paper is found with the counterfoil still attached to it, the returning officer shall, after carefully concealing the numbers on the counterfoil on the ballot paper from all persons present and without examining them himself, remove the counterfoil before inserting into the electronic tabulating system to be scanned and counted.
- (8) If in the course of inserting the ballot papers into the electronic tabulating system to be scanned and counted, the returning officer discovers that the presiding officer has omitted to affix his initials to any ballot paper as provided by section 58(1), he shall—

- (a) in the presence of a poll clerk and such of the candidates or their agents as are present, affix his initials to the ballot paper; and
- (b) insert the ballot paper into the electronic tabulating system to be scanned and counted as if it had been initialled by the presiding officer in the first place; provided that he is satisfied that the ballot paper is one that has been returned by the voter to the presiding officer and also that every ballot paper returned to the presiding officer has been accounted for in accordance with section 67(1)(i).
- (9) The returning officer shall record in the poll book every objection made by any candidate or his counting agent or any voter present to any ballot paper found in a ballot box and shall decide every question arising out of the objection.
- (10) The decision of the returning officer pursuant to subsection (9) is final, subject to reversal on petition questioning the election or return; and every such objection shall be numbered, and a corresponding number placed on the back of the ballot paper and initialled by the returning officer.
- (11) Immediately after the electronic tabulation of the votes for all districts pursuant to this section has been completed, the returning officer shall—
 - (a) cause each electronic tabulation system to print the total votes cast for each candidate in the single member electoral district and the single island wide electoral district;
 - (b) tabulate the total votes, if any, cast on ballots referred to in subsection (5) for each candidate in the single member electoral district and the single island wide electoral district; and
 - (c) total the votes referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) for each candidate in the single member electoral district and the single island wide electoral district.
- (12) Where the tabulation of the number of votes pursuant to this section results in a margin of one percent but not less than one half percent of the total votes cast between—
 - (a) the two leading candidates in a single-member electoral district; or
- (b) the fourth and fifth leading candidates in the single island wide electoral district; there shall be an automatic electronic re-tabulation of the votes.
- (13) Where the margin of victory in subsection (12) is less that one half percent of a percent of the total votes cast or there is an equality of votes, there a manual recount of the votes.
- (14) Notwithstanding an automatic recount referred to in subsections (12) and (13), a candidate or his counting agent present at the count may, by completing Form 27, demand a recount.
- (15) Unless the returning officer considers the demand under subsection (14) to be unreasonable having regard to the result of the first count, he shall proceed to initiate the recount of the votes to ascertain the result of the poll.
- (16) The recount referred to in subsections (12), (13) and (14) shall only be initiated after the first count is completed for each of the single member electoral districts.

- (17) The returning officer shall, after the count or recount of the votes as the case may be—
 - (a) subject to the final declaration made by the Supervisor of Elections under subsection (25)—
 - (i) in the case of a single-member electoral district, declare the candidate who is found to have the largest number of votes to be elected as the member for the electoral district,
 - (ii) in the case of the single island wide electoral district, declare the number of votes received by each candidate;
 - (b) place into separate envelopes the ballot papers cast and the rejected ballot papers and place these along with all other papers, lists, documents and records of the result of the count conducted for that district into packets and indicate on the packet in words the district from which those ballot papers, other papers, lists, documents and records came and shall seal and initial the packet. Where the agents or the witnesses present desire, the returning officer may allow them to seal the packets or initial the packets in addition to, or instead of, the returning officer and the returning officer shall place the packets in a ballot box or boxes and seal the said box or boxes;
 - (c) complete Form 26; and
 - (d) cause to be delivered to the Supervisor of Elections at the place identified pursuant to section 67(5) the following items—
 - (i) all ballot boxes containing the initialled and sealed packets,
 - (ii) envelope containing the security tags used to secure each ballot box, and
 - (iii) a statement showing the total number of votes polled for each candidate within that district in accordance with Form 25.
- (18) Subject to subsection (19), as soon as is practicable after he receives all ballot boxes, envelopes, statements and packets, the Supervisor of Elections shall ascertain the total votes cast in favour of each candidate by checking the votes polled for each candidate recorded on the statement submitted by the returning officers of each district and thereafter make a declaration in accordance with subsection (25).
- (19) Where a ballot box has been destroyed or is missing, the Supervisor of Elections shall ascertain the cause of the destruction or loss and shall complete the validation of the results from the statement of the votes recorded by the returning officer for that district.
- (20) If at any time before the counting of votes is completed in accordance with this section, any ballot box used at any polling station is destroyed, lost, damaged or tampered with, to such an extent that the result of the poll at that polling station cannot be ascertained, the returning officer for the particular district from which that box came, shall immediately report the matter to the Supervisor of Elections.

- (21) After taking all the material circumstances into account, the Governor shall, in consultation with the Supervisor of Elections—
 - (a) declare by proclamation the poll at the polling station referred to under subsection (20) to be void and issue such directions as he thinks fit for the resumption and completion of the counting of votes and of the election; and
 - (b) issue a writ under the Public Seal of Anguilla addressed to the relevant returning officer, appointing a day, and fixing the hours for the taking of a new poll at that polling station.
- (22) The poll under subsection (21)(b) shall be held at the appropriate polling station or stations in accordance with the provisions of this Act as if it is the original poll.
- (23) The Supervisor of Elections shall adjourn the declaration of results pursuant to subsection (25) until the taking of the new poll in accordance with subsection (21)(b) has been completed.
- (24) For the avoidance of doubt, it is declared that all provisions relating to proceedings at the close of poll, transporting of ballot boxes, statements etc., to counting and recounting of votes and to elections shall be complied with as regards all other polling stations to which subsection (20) does not apply.
 - (25) On the completion of the count or recount, as the case may be, in an election—
 - (a) in a single-member electoral district to return one member to the House, the candidate with the largest number of votes shall be declared by the Supervisor of Elections to be elected as a member for the single-member electoral district; and
 - (b) in the single island wide electoral district to return more than one member to the House, the number of candidates equal to the members to be returned with the largest number of votes shall be declared by the Supervisor of Elections to be elected as members for the single island wide electoral district.
- (26) Whenever after the count of votes (including any recount) is completed, an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote would entitle any of those candidates to be elected—
 - (a) in the case of a single-member electoral district, a new writ shall be issued in respect of that electoral district and all proceedings for an election of a member for that electoral district shall commence afresh; and
 - (b) in the case of the single island wide electoral district, the single returning officer shall declare elected any candidate or candidates who received a larger number of votes than the number so found equal and a new writ shall be issued and all proceedings shall be commenced afresh for the election of a member or members to fill the remaining vacancy or vacancies.
- (27) The proceedings for an election commenced by the new writ issued in subsections 26(a) and (b) shall be between those candidates where an equality of votes is found to exist.

Mechanical failure of electronic tabulating machines

- 72. (1) Where the electronic voting system is used to cast and count votes at a polling station and the equipment develops a mechanical failure on Election Day or day of referendum, the presiding officer shall immediately report the matter to the Supervisor of Elections.
- (2) Upon reporting of the mechanical failure by the presiding officer to the Supervisor of Elections under subsection (1), the Supervisor of Elections shall take all material circumstances into account and if satisfied that the mechanical failure of the equipment is material the Supervisor of Elections shall direct that the manual voting system and procedure for the manual voting system under this Act, be used for the affected polling station the remainder of the election day.
- (3) Where the electronic tabulating machine is used to count votes at the place designated for counting of votes pursuant to section 67(5) and the equipment develops a mechanical failure on Election Day or day of referendum, the returning officer shall immediately report the matter to the Supervisor of Elections.
- (4) Upon reporting of the mechanical failure by the returning officer to the Supervisor of Elections under subsection (3), the Supervisor of Elections shall take all material circumstances into account and if satisfied that the mechanical failure of the equipment is material the Supervisor of Elections may direct that another electronic tabulating machine be used or that the manual counting system be used to count the votes for the affected polling station.

(Act 9/2020, s. 24)

Maintenance of order at polling station

- 73. (1) Subject to subsection (2), during the hours when the poll is open on polling day, no person shall assemble or congregate within 100 yards of any building in which any polling station is located.
 - (2) This section shall not apply—
 - (a) to any voters who are waiting to poll their votes at such polling station and who obey any instructions which may be given by the presiding officer or poll clerk or any police officer for the purpose of forming a queue with other voters also waiting; or
 - (b) to any person who is authorised under the provisions of this Act to enter or remain in such polling station.
- (3) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$9,600 or imprisonment for 3 months.

Influencing voters

- 74. (1) No person shall—
 - (a) on any public road; or
 - (b) in any public place;

within 100 yards of any building in which a polling station is located, seek to influence any voter to vote for any candidate or to ascertain for what candidate any voter intends to vote or has voted whilst the poll is open on polling day.

(2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$9,600 and to imprisonment for 3 months.

Election return (manual and electronic voting system)

75. (1) The returning officer within the time specified for the return of any writ shall forward to the Supervisor of Elections—

(Act 9/2020, s. 25)

- (a) the writ with his return—
 - (i) in Form 28 (I) and endorse on the writ that the candidate or candidates in the single member electoral district election with the largest numbers of votes has been elected.
 - (ii) in Form 28 (II) and endorse on the writ the number of votes that the candidate or candidates in the single island electoral district election lawfully received;
- (b) a report of the proceedings, showing the number of votes cast for each candidate in both the single member electoral district election and the single island wide electoral district election at each polling station, and making such observations as the returning officer may think proper as to the state of the election papers as received from the presiding officer;
- (c) a statement of the number of persons to whom ballot papers have been supplied in the electoral district, based on the counterfoils;
- (d) the reserve supply of undistributed blank ballot papers;
- (e) the poll book used at each polling station, a packet containing the counterfoils and unused ballot papers, a packet containing the spoiled ballot papers, a packet containing the official lists of voters used at the polling stations, and the written appointments of candidates' agents; and
- (f) all other documents used for the election.
- (2) The Supervisor of Elections shall, on receiving the return of any member or members elected in the single member electoral district election to serve in the Assembly, cause it to be entered, in the order in which such return is received by him, in a book to be kept by him, for such purpose and immediately cause a notice to be published in the *Gazette* of the name of the candidate or candidates so elected and in the order in which it was received.
- (3) The Supervisor of Elections shall, on receiving the return referred to in subsection (1)(a)(ii), tally the votes that each candidate in the single island wide election lawfully received to determine the 4 candidates with the largest number of votes and shall endorse the writ with his return in Form 28(III).
- (4) The Supervisor of Elections shall, on receiving the return of any member or members elected to serve in the Assembly, transmit the writs referred to in subsection (1) and (3) with the return endorsed on it to the Governor within the time specified in such writ. The Governor shall

within 7 days of receiving the writ return it to the Supervisor of Elections for safe custody in accordance with section 76.

- (5) The Supervisor of Elections shall immediately after each general election or after a byelection, print a report, giving by polling divisions—
 - (a) the number of votes polled for each candidate;
 - (b) the number of rejected ballot papers;
 - (c) the number of names on the official lists of voters; and
 - (d) any other information that he deems fit to include.
- (6) If any returning officer wilfully delays, neglects or refuses duly to return any person who ought to be returned to serve in the Assembly for any electoral district, and if it has been determined on the hearing of an election petition respecting the election for such electoral district that such person was entitled to have been returned, the returning officer who has so wilfully delayed, neglected or refused duly to make such return of his election is required to pay the person aggrieved the sum of \$20,000 in addition to his legal costs and all damages sustained.
- (7) For the purpose of subsection (1)(b), "the state of election papers" means the condition and contents of any documents handed over by the presiding officer to the Supervisor of Elections.

Custody of election documents

- **76.** (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), the Supervisor of Elections shall keep the election documents in safe custody and shall allow no person to have access to them.
- (2) Where an election petition has been presented questioning the validity of any election or return, the Supervisor of Elections shall, on the order of a Judge of the High Court, deliver to the proper officer of that Court the documents relating to the election that is in dispute.
- (3) It is lawful for the Supervisor of Elections to cause the election documents referred to in subsection (1) to be burnt after the expiration of 12 months from the day of any election.
- (4) No election documents in the custody of the Supervisor of Elections shall be inspected or produced except on the order of a Judge of the High Court.
- (5) An order under subsection (4) may be made where the Judge of the High Court is satisfied by evidence on oath that the inspection or production of such election documents is required for the purpose of—
 - (a) instituting or maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to an election; or
 - (b) a petition which has been filed questioning an election or return.
- (6) Any order for the inspection or production of election documents may be made subject to such conditions the Judge deems expedient.

- (7) The conditions referred to in subsection (6) include—
 - (a) persons named in the order for inspection or production;
 - (b) time within which documents shall be produced or made available for inspection;
 - (c) place where documents shall be inspected or produced; and
 - (d) mode of inspection or production.

Custody of election materials

77. After the return of the writ referred to in section 75 all election materials including the ballot boxes used at the election, with their security tags and keys and the screens and other appliances used in the polling station, shall be in the custody of the Supervisor of Elections.

PART 6

ELECTION PETITIONS

Petitions against elections

- **78.** (1) A petition complaining of an undue return or undue election of a member of the Assembly (hereinafter called an election petition) may be presented to the High Court by any one or more following persons—
 - (a) any person entitled to vote in the electoral district and at the election to which the application relates;
 - (b) any person who was a candidate in that electoral district at that election; and
 - (c) the Attorney-General.

Presentation of election petition and security for costs

- 79. (1) The following provisions shall apply with respect to the presentation of an election petition—
 - (a) the petition shall be presented within 21 days after the return made by the returning officer of the member to whose election the petition relates;
 - (b) where the election petition questions the return or election upon an allegation of corrupt practices and specifically alleges a payment of money or other reward by any member, or another person on his behalf, with his knowledge or involvement, after the time of such return, in pursuance or in furtherance of such corrupt practices, the petition may be presented at any time within 28 days after the date of such payment;
 - (c) at the time of the presentation of the petition, or within 3 days after the petition is made, security for the payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may become payable by the petitioner—

- (i) to any person summoned as a witness on his behalf, or
- (ii) to the member whose election or return is complained of, or to any other person named as a respondent in the petition,

shall be given on behalf of every petitioner except the Attorney-General;

- (d) the security shall be to an amount of \$2,000 and shall be given by—
 - (i) recognisance to be entered into by any number of sureties, who are persons entitled to vote in the electoral district and at the election to which the petition relates.
 - (ii) by deposit of money in the High Court, or
 - (iii) partly by recognisance and partly by deposit of money referred to in sub paragraphs (i) and (ii) respectively;
- (e) The sureties referred to in paragraph (d)(i) shall not exceed 4 and must be approved by the Registrar of the High Court.
- (2) The Election Petition Rules shall apply to—
 - (a) the deposit of money as security;
 - (b) the practice and procedure for the service and hearing of election petitions; and
 - (c) matters incidental thereto;

until amended or replaced by the Chief Justice.

Avoidance of election of candidate certified guilty of corrupt or illegal practice

- **80.** (1) If a candidate who has been elected, is certified by the Judge to be guilty of any corrupt or illegal practice—
 - (a) by the candidates own acts; or
 - (b) by the acts of the agents;

his election is void and he shall be prohibited from contesting the resulting election.

(2) For the avoidance of doubt the Judge referred to in subsection (1) is the Judge who tried the election petition questioning the return or election of the candidate referred to in subsection (1).

Avoidance of election for general corruption, etc.

- 81. Where on an election petition it is shown that corrupt or illegal practices committed in reference to the election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of any person thereat have so extensively prevailed that they may be reasonably supposed to have affected the result—
 - (a) his election, if he has been elected, is void and he shall be incapable of being elected to fill the vacancy or any of the vacancies for which the election was held; and

(b) he is prohibited from contesting the resulting election.

Trial of election petitions

- **82.** (1) Every election petition shall be tried in the same manner as an action in the High Court by a Judge sitting alone.
 - (2) At the conclusion of the trial the Judge shall determine issues set out in the petition.
 - (3) The Judge shall certify such determination referred to in subsection (2) to the Governor.
 - (4) Where a certification is given by the Judge, his determination is final. (Act 9/2020, s. 26(a))
- (5) The return shall be confirmed or altered, or a writ for a new election issued, in accordance with a determination made by the Judge in subsection (3).

(Act 9/2020, s. 26(b))

Powers of judge

83. At the trial of an election petition the Judge shall, subject to this Act, have the same powers, jurisdiction and authority of a High Court Judge sitting in the court's civil jurisdiction.

PART 7

ELECTION OFFENCES

Intoxicating liquor not to be sold or given on polling day

- **84.** (1) No intoxicating liquor shall be sold, offered for sale, or given away at any premises located in any electoral district in which an election is being held, at any time between the opening and the closing of the poll on polling day.
 - (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a licensed restaurant or hotel.
- (3) Any person who contravenes this section is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$4,000 and to imprisonment for 6 months.

Employers to allow employees time to vote

- **85.** (1) On polling day, every employer shall allow to every voter employed by him a reasonable period for voting.
- (2) No employer shall make any deduction from the pay or other remuneration of any such voter or impose on him any penalty by reason of his absence during such period.
 - (3) Any employer who, directly or indirectly—
 - (a) by refusal;

- (b) by intimidation;
- (c) by undue influence; or
- (d) in any other way;

interferes with the granting to any voter employed by him, of such period for voting referred to in subsection (1), is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$20,000 and to imprisonment for 6 months.

Offences by election officers

- **86.** Every election officer who—
 - (a) makes any entry which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, or does not believe to be true, in any record, return or other document which he is required to keep or make under this Act;
 - (b) permits any person whom he knows or has reasonable cause to believe not to be blind, illiterate or incapacitated to vote in the manner provided for the blind, illiterate or incapacitated, as the case may be;
 - (c) refuses to permit any person whom he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be blind, illiterate or incapacitated to vote in the manner provided for the blind, illiterate or incapacitated, as the case may be;
 - (d) wilfully prevents any person from voting at the polling station at which the officer knows or has reasonable cause to believe that person is entitled to vote;
 - (e) wilfully rejects or refuses to count any ballot paper which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe is validly cast for any candidate in accordance with this Act; or
 - (f) wilfully counts any ballot paper as being cast for any candidate, which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe was not validly cast for such candidate,

is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for 2 years.

Acts prohibited on polling day

- 87. (1) No person shall furnish or supply any loudspeaker, bunting, ensign, banner, standard or set of colours, or any other flag, to any person with intent that it shall be carried, worn or used on motor cars, trucks or other vehicles, as political propaganda, on polling day, and no person shall, with any such intent, carry, wear or use, on motor cars, trucks or other vehicles, any such loudspeaker, bunting, ensign, banner, standard or set of colours, or any other flag, on polling day.
- (2) No person shall furnish or supply any flag, ribbon, label or like favour to any person with intent that it be worn or used by any person within any electoral district on polling day as a party badge to distinguish the wearer as the supporter of any candidate, or of the opinions, political or otherwise, of the candidate, and no person shall use or wear any flag, ribbon, label or other favour, as such badge, within any electoral district on polling day.

- (3) No person shall broadcast any item on polling day on any media including television or wireless transmitting station, which may promote or attempt to procure the election of any candidate or of any political party.
- (4) Each candidate shall, before midnight on the day before polling day, ensure the removal of all billboards, signs, posters and banners which are visible from any public road.
- (5) No person shall consume or offer any food or drink, save for water, for consumption within 100 yards of a polling station.
- (6) Any person who contravenes any of subsections (1) to (5) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$40,000 and to imprisonment for one year.

Definition of bribery

- **88.** (1) Any person is guilty of the offence of bribery who—
 - (a) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives, lends, or agrees to give or lend, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure any money or valuable consideration to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any other person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act referred to above as a result of any voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;
 - (b) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives or procures, or agrees to give or to procure, or offers, promises to procure or to endeavour to procure, any office, position or employment to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any other person in order to induce such voter to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act referred to above as a result of any voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;
 - (c) directly or indirectly by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) to or for any person, in order to induce such person, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person as an elected member of the Assembly, or the vote of any voter at any election;
 - (d) as a result of a promise, procurement or an agreement or in receipt of any such gift, loan, offer, procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure the return of any person as an elected member of the Assembly or the vote of any voter at any election;
 - (e) advances or pays or causes to be paid, any money to a person, or for the use of any other person, with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who knowingly pays or causes to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any such election;
 - (f) before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives, agrees to accept, or enters into a contract to receive money, a gift, a loan, an office, place, employment for himself or for any other person, in

- exchange for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election;
- (g) before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, votes or agrees to vote, or refrains or agrees to refrain from voting at any election in exchange for any other valuable consideration; or
- (h) after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration as a result of any person having voted or refrained from voting at any such election.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply or be construed to apply to any money paid or agreed to be paid for or as result of any legal expenses incurred in good faith in relation to an election.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section "legal expenses" include payments made—
 - (a) to the agents, clerks, canvassers and messengers of candidates;
 - (b) for the purpose of hiring vehicles used to transport voters to or from a polling station;
 - (c) for the use of any premises for a public meeting held by a candidate or for the use of an office or any other place for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of a candidate; and
 - (d) for postage, stationery, printing, advertising, the distribution of advertising material and the use of any public address system.

Definition of treating

- 89. The following persons are guilty of the offence of treating—
 - (a) any person who corruptly, by himself or by any other person, either before, during an election, directly or indirectly, pays for, gives or provides, wholly or in part, any food, drink, entertainment to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person, or any other person, to vote or to refrain from voting at such election, or as a result of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting at such election; and
 - (b) any voter who accepts or takes any such food, drink, entertainment or provisions in exchange for voting or refraining from voting at such election.

Definition of undue influence

- 90. The following persons are guilty of the offence of undue influence—
 - (a) any person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, uses or threatens to use any force, violence, or restraints in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting or as a result of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election;
 - (b) any person who, inflicts or threatens to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any emotional or mental injury, damage, harm, or cause loss to any person, in order to

induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting or as a result of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election; and

- (c) any person who by abduction, duress or any fraudulent contrivance—
 - (i) impedes or prevents the free exercise of a person's right to vote, or
 - (ii) compels, induces or prevails upon any voter either to vote or refrain from voting at any election.

Definition of personation

- 91. (1) Any person is guilty of the offence of personation who, at an election—
 - (a) applies for a ballot paper in the name of another person, living or dead, or of a fictitious person; or
 - (b) having voted once at the election, applies at the same election for a ballot paper in his own name..

Penalty for bribery, etc.

- 92. Any person guilty of bribery, treating, or undue influence is liable on summary conviction—
 - (a) if he is an election officer, to a fine of \$40,000 and to imprisonment for 2 years; and
 - (b) if he is any other person, to a fine of \$30,000 and to imprisonment for 2 years. (Act 17/2022, s. 2)

Penalty for personation

- 93. Any person guilty of—
 - (a) personation; or
 - (b) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation,

is, on conviction on indictment, liable to a fine of \$40,000 or to imprisonment for 2 years.

Disqualification for bribery, etc.

- 94. Any person who is convicted of bribery, treating, undue influence, or personation, or of aiding, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation shall (in addition to any other punishment) be incapable during a period of 7 years from the date of conviction—
 - (a) of being registered as a voter, or of voting at any election; and
 - (b) of being elected as a member of the Assembly or, if elected before his conviction, of retaining his seat as such member.

Penalty for illegal practices at elections

- 95. (1) Any person is guilty of an offence who—
 - (a) votes, or induces or procures any person to vote, at any election, knowing that he or such other person is prohibited from voting in an election under this Act, or by any law in force in Anguilla;
 - (b) before or during an election knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate at such election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another candidate;
 - (c) between the date of the publication in the *Gazette* by the returning officer of a notice in accordance with section 37(1) and the day of polling at the election, whether in a general election or in a by-election, acts in a disorderly manner, with intent to prevent the transaction of the business of a public meeting called for the purpose of promoting the election of a candidate as a member to serve in the Assembly; or
 - (d) commits any other act deemed to be an illegal practice.
 - (2) Where the offence referred to in subsection (1) is committed by—
 - (a) an election officer, he is liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$40,000; or
 - (b) any person other than an election officer, he is liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$30,000.
- (3) Any person who, between the date of the publication by the returning officer of a notice in accordance with section 37(1) and the day of polling at the election, whether in a general election or in a by-election, conspires with or incites others to act in a disorderly manner with intent to prevent a candidate from holding a public meeting for the purpose of promoting his election as a member to serve in the Assembly, is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of \$30,000 and to imprisonment for 2 years.
 - (4) Any person who commits an offence under this section shall be incapable of—
 - (a) being registered as a voter or of voting at any election; and
 - (b) contesting an election,

for a period of 5 years from the date of conviction.

Offences in respect of ballot papers

- **96.** (1) Any person is guilty of an offence who—
 - (a) forges or counterfeits, or fraudulently defaces or destroys a ballot paper;
 - (b) without due authority supplies a ballot paper to any person;
 - (c) fraudulently puts into any ballot box, a paper other than the ballot paper which he is authorised by law to put in;

- (d) fraudulently takes out of the polling station any ballot paper;
- (e) without due authority destroys, takes, opens, or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers being used at an election; or
- (f) not being duly registered as a voter, votes at an election.
- (2) Where the person who is found guilty of the offence under subsection (1) is an election officer he is liable on summary conviction, to a fine of \$40,000 and to imprisonment for 6 months.
- (3) Where the person who is found guilty of the offence under subsection (1) is any other person other than an election officer he is liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$30,000 and to imprisonment for 3 months.
- (4) In any information or prosecution for an offence in relation to the ballot boxes, ballot papers, and other things in use at an election, the property in such ballot boxes, ballot papers, or things is deemed to be the property of the returning officer at such election.

Infringement of secrecy

- 97. (1) Any election officer and agent appointed under section 48 in attendance at a polling station shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting at such station.
- (2) The election officer and agent referred to in subsection (1) shall not, before the poll is closed, communicate any information to any person as to—
 - (a) the name of any voter who has or has not applied for a ballot paper;
 - (b) the number of persons who have applied for a ballot paper; or
- (c) the names and number of votes who have voted at that polling station, unless such communication is for some purpose authorised by law.
- (3) No person shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with a voter when marking his vote or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling station any information as to any candidate for whom any voter in such station is about to vote or has voted.
- (4) Every election officer and agent in attendance at the counting of the votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting and shall not attempt to communicate any information obtained at such counting as to a candidate for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.
- (5) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any voter to display his ballot paper after he has marked it so as to make known to any person the name of a candidate for whom or against whose name he has so marked his vote.
- (6) Any person who commits an offence under this section is liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of \$9,600 and to imprisonment for 3 months.

PART 8

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

No obligation on voter to disclose vote

98. No voter who has voted at any election is required to state for whom he voted in any legal proceedings to question the election or return.

Conclusiveness of Register of Voters

- 99. (1) At any election a person is not entitled to vote unless his name is on the Register of Voters for the time being in force by virtue of this Act, and every person whose name is on such Register is, subject to the provisions of this Act, entitled to demand and receive a ballot paper and to vote.
- (2) Nothing in this section entitles any person to vote who is prohibited from voting by any law in force in Anguilla, or relieves such person from any penalties for which he may be liable for voting.

Expenses of elections

100. All expenses properly incurred by, and all remuneration and travelling allowances payable to, officers under this Act shall be defrayed out of the Consolidated Fund.

Computation of time

- **101.** (1) In computing time for the purposes of this Act, any public holiday under the Public Holidays Act shall be excluded.
- (2) Where anything required to be done under this Act must be completed on any day excluded under subsection (1), or on a Saturday or Sunday, that thing may be done on the next working day.

(Act 9/2020, s. 27)

Removal of difficulties

- **102.** Where any difficulty arises in first giving effect to any of the provisions of this Act, the Supervisor of Elections may, by Order published in the *Gazette*, issue all such directions as he deems necessary in relation to which no provision or effective provision is made by this Act with a view to—
 - (a) providing for any special or unforeseen circumstances; or
 - (b) determining or addressing any question or matter..

Power to make regulations

- 103. (1) The Governor may make regulations generally for giving effect to the provisions of this Act and without prejudice to such general power may make regulations in addition to or in substitution for the Regulations and the forms prescribed under the Act—
 - (a) with respect to the financing of election campaigns, including expenses and the making of payments by or on behalf of a candidate, whether before, during or after an election, on account or in respect of the conduct of such election;

- (b) requiring the appointment of an election agent—
 - (i) by whom all payments are made, or
 - (ii) through whom all expenses are incurred;
- (c) fixing the maximum amount of expenses and payments that may be incurred or paid, whether before, during or after an election, in respect of the conduct of such election;
- (d) fixing the time within which all election expenses shall be paid;
- (e) requiring a record of election expenses and payments and prescribing the form in which the same shall be made and verified;
- (f) prescribing the remuneration and travelling allowances and any other expenses which may be paid to election officers appointed under this Act;
- (g) prescribing the duties of returning officers and the procedure to be followed in the performance of their duties;
- (h) amending or replacing Schedule 2;
- (i) amending or repealing any prescribed form or inserting new prescribed forms;
- (j) prescribing penalties for the breach of any regulations made under this Act; and
- (k) prescribing any other matter that is to be prescribed by this Act.
- (2) Regulations made under subsection (1) shall be laid before the House of Assembly as soon as may be after they are made, and shall not continue in force after the expiration of 7 days from the time when they are laid unless a resolution is passed by the House of Assembly providing for the continuance of the regulations.

Citation

104. This Act may be cited as the Elections Act, Revised Statutes of Anguilla, Chapter E31.

SCHEDULE 1

(Section 16(1)(a))

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS

Anguilla shall be divided into the following Electoral Districts—

- (1) Island Harbour District, comprising the area of Island Harbour, The Copse, Pond Ground, Mount Fortune, White Hill, Welches, Scrub Island, Little Scrub and Scilly Cay.
- (2) Sandy Hill District, comprising the area of Sandy Hill, Long Path, Chalvilles, Bad Cox, Deep Waters, Cannifist, Water Ground, Upper House, Betty Hill, The Copse:

Provided that the dividing line between Island Harbour District and Sandy Hill District is the road to Sile Bay through The Copse.

- (3) Valley North District, comprising the area of Crocus Bay, Roaches Hill, The Valley, North Valley, Upper Valley, The Quarter, North Side, Stoney Ground, Caul's Bottom, The Farrington, Wattices, Little Dix, and Shoal Bay.
- (4) Valley South District, comprising the area of Vieux Fort, Crocus Hill, The Valley, South Valley, Upper Valley, The Quarter, The Farrington, Rey Hill, The Forest, Corito, Long Ground, Little Harbour, Statia Valley and George Hill:

Provided that the dividing line between Valley North District and Valley South District is the main Valley Road leading from the Cottage Hospital eastwards through the Long Road towards the East End.

- (5) Road North District, comprising the area of Water Swamp, North Hill, Sandy Ground, that part of South Hill lying north of the main road leading from The Valley towards the West End; and the islands of Sombrero, Sandy Island, Dog Island, Upper and Lower Prickly Pear Islands and Seal Island.
- (6) Road South District, comprising the area of Blowing Point, Sandy Point, Rendezvous and that part of South Hill lying south of the main road leading from The Valley towards the West End.
- (7) West End District, comprising the area known as the West End, and including Long Bay, Meads Bay (otherwise known as Maids Bay), Maundays Bay, West End Village and Anguillita Island.

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SCHEDULE 2

FORMS

FORM 1

(Section 5(6))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF REGISTRATION OFFICER

solemnly and sincerely affirm
Division of
in accordance
.*
Registration Officer
, 20

(Section 7(3))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF RETURNING OFFICER

(Section 17(2))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION ON QUARTERLY LIST OF VOTERS

This fo	orm is to be filled	out by persons applying for registration in the Electoral District for the first time.			
Elector	ral District :				
I apply follow	-	as a voter in this Electoral District and to be included on the quarterly list of voters as			
Name	(Surname first):				
Date o	f Birth:				
Sex:					
Ethnic	ity:				
Occup	ation:				
Reside	ntial address:				
Countr	y of Birth:				
I belie qualifi	ve I am qualifie cations with this a	d to be registered as a voter in this Electoral District and I submit proof of my pplication.			
Place o	a tick (✔) in the be	ox beside the documents you are submitting with your application:			
	Birth Certificate of applicant				
	Birth Certificate(s) of parent(s)				
	Marriage Certificate				
	Birth Certificate(s) of grandparent(s)				
	Anguillian Status Certificate/ stamp				
	Certificate of Naturalisation/ Registration				
	British Overseas Territories Citizen Passport (Anguilla)				
	Letter of Residence (from community leader) indicating applicant's period of residence in the Electoral District				
	Letter(s) from applicant's employer(s) over the past 5 years, indicating applicant's period(s) of employment				
	Other				
Date					
		(Applicant)			

(Section 24)

ANGUILLA

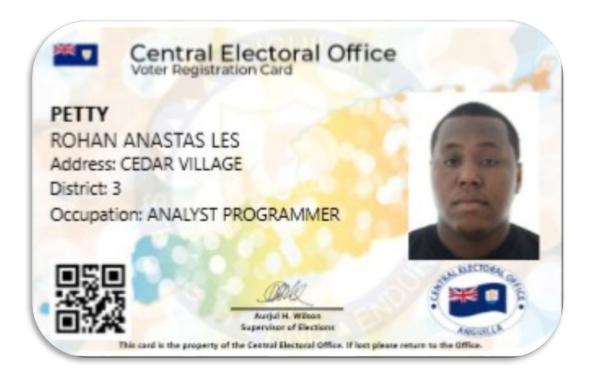
ELECTIONS ACT

APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER OF REGISTRATION

To be filled out by persons who are re Electoral District.	egistered as voters who wi	ish to transfer their registration to anothe
Electoral District		
I am presently registered on the existing	register of voters for this el	lectoral district as follows:
NAME (Family name first)	OCCUPATION	RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS
		ss)
		which to the best
of my knowledge and belief is within El	ectoral District	·
I hereby apply to transfer my registration	n from Electoral District	
to Electoral District	and I submi	t proof of my new address.
		Signed(Applicant)

(Section 33(3))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

VOTER REGISTRATION CARD



(Section 33(7))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

APPLICATION FOR A DUPLICATE VOTER REGISTRATION CARD

To the Sup Elections (or of Elect	tions		
I,				whose addr	ess is
			lock capitals)		
solemnly a	nd sir	cerely de	clare that:		
	(a)	I am qua	alified as a voter	under section 430	(1) of the Anguilla Constitution Order 1982;
	(b)	I am not	disqualified from	m voting under se	ection 44 (1) of the said Constitution;
	(c)			oter registration	card which was issued to me on or about20
			(provide approprior) *lost/mutilated/de		if known) and that the said card has been
			(*delete as applic	able) in the follow	ing circumstances—
			(set or	ut in detail the circ	umstances)
	Acc	ordingly,	I hereby apply for	a duplicate voter r	egistration card, and
	(a)			original card w Supervisor of Ele	hich was issued to me is found that I will ections.
				OR	
	(b)	*I enclo	* *	ication my preser elete as applicabl	nt mutilated or defaced card. e)
Dated this			day of		, 20
Signature o		_			
Name of W	Vitnes	s: _	(in BLOC	CK CAPITALS)	

(Section 36(3))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

WRIT OF ELECTION

ELIZABETH THE SECOND, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Our other Realms and Territories, Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.
To, the Returning Officer of the Electoral Distric
WHEREAS by section 36 of the Elections Act it is provided that for the purpose of every general election of members of the Assembly, and for the purpose of the election of members to supply vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise, the Governor shall issue writs of election authenticated by his own signature addressed to the Returning Officers of the respective Electoral Districts for which members are to be returned;
AND WHEREAS I think it expedient that writs should be issued for the election of members to serve in the Assembly;
NOW, THEREFORE, I,the Governor do hereby
require that you proceed to the nomination of candidates on the day of
20, at
the
and
serve in the House of Assembly for the Electoral District and that you do cause the name of the member when
so elected to be certified to me not later than the
20
Given under my hand and authenticated this
and in the year of Her Majesty's reign.
Governor of Anguilla

(Section 37(1))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

NOTICE OF NOMINATION

The Governor having issued his Writ of Election for the election of a member of the House of Assembly for the
Electoral District of
District will on the day of between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m
and between the hours of 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. at proceed to the
nomination of a member for the Electoral District of
Dated this, 20, 20
Returning Officer for
the Electoral District of

(Section 37(3))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

	NOMINATION PAPER										
nom Elec	We the undersigned voters for Electoral District No;, do hereby nominate the following person as a proper person to serve as a member of the House of Assembly for the Electoral District No										
	Surnam	e Other N	ame Ad	ldress	Occu	pation	Date of	Birth	Sex	Eth	nicity
1.											
2.											
3. 4.											
5.											
			D	ETAILS OI							
Sui	rname	Other Name	Address	Occupat	tion	Date of	Birth	Sex	Ethnic	itv	Party
		2 and 1 and 2 and 1 and									
I											
Witness my hand this											
Sign	Signed by the nominee in the presence of										
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(Section 40(6))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

RETURN OF UNCONTESTED ELECTION

I hereby certify that the member elected for the Electoral District of		
in pursuance of the within Writ is		
insert name, address and occupation of member elected as stated on the nomination paper) no other candidate(s) having been nominated.		
Dated this, 20		
Returning Officer		
FORM 11		
(Section 42(4))		
ANGUILLA		
ELECTIONS ACT		
OATH/AFFIRMATION OF PRESIDING OFFICER		
,		
peen appointed Presiding Officer for the Polling Station atin the Electoral		
District of swear/solemnly and sincerely		
affirm that I will act faithfully in my capacity of Presiding Officer, according to law, without partiality, fear		
avour or affection and that I will keep secret the names of the candidates for whom any of the voters in the		
above-mentioned Polling Station marks his ballot paper in my presence at this election. So help me God.*		
Presiding Officer		
Sworn/Affirmed before me this		
* Delete if affirmed		

(Section 43(2))
ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF POLL CLERK

I, havir
been appointed as Poll Clerk for the Polling Station at
District of swear/solemn
and sincerely affirm that I will act faithfully in my capacity of Poll Clerk and also in that of Presiding Officer
required to act as such, according to law, without partiality, fear, favour or affection, and that I will keep secr
the names of the candidates for whom any of the voters in the above-named Polling Station marks his balle
paper in my presence at this election. So help me God.*
Poll Clerk
Sworn/Affirmed before me this
* Delete if affirmed

(Section 46(5)(e))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF VOTERS

- 1. Each voter may vote only at one polling station.
- 2. The voter will go into one of the compartments and, with the pen provided, shade the oval or place a cross X inside the oval opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes in the single-member electoral district.

For example:- Supposing John Jones and George Smith are the candidates for election in the single-member electoral district and the voter wishes to vote for Jones in the single-member electoral district, he must shade the oval or place a cross X inside the oval opposite Jones' name as follows—

Jones John Long Bay Shopkeeper	or x
Smith George Island Harbour Carpenter	

3. On the other side of the ballot paper for the single island wide electoral district the voter will shade the oval or place a cross inside the oval opposite the names of the four candidates for whom he votes in the single island wide electoral district.

For example:- Supposing Sarah Jones, Helen Gumbs, Roy Hodge, Glen Carty, John Smith, Tom Davis, Jim Hughes and Erica Brown are the candidates for the election in the single island wide electoral and the voter wishes to vote for Jones, Gumbs, Davis and Brown in the single island wide electoral district, he must shade the oval or place a cross X in the oval opposite those four names as follows—

Brown Erica The Quarter Chief Financial Officer	or X
Carty Glen West End Restaurant owner	
Davis Tom Long Bay Chef	or X

Gumbs Helen Rey Hill Lawyer	or X
Hodge Roy South Hill Electrician	
Hughes Jim The Valley Accountant	
Jones Sarah East End Retired	or X
Smith John George Hill Teacher	

4. The voter shall in full view of those present insert the marked ballot paper directly into the slit or narrow opening of the ballot box or electronic tabulating machine.

(Act 9/2020, s. 28(a))

- 5. If a ballot paper is spoiled, he can return it to the presiding officers, who will, if satisfied that it is spoiled, give him another ballot paper.
- 6. If the voter votes for more than one candidate in the single-member electoral district or more than four candidates in the single island wide electoral District or places any mark on the paper by which he may be afterwards identified, his ballot paper will be void and will not be counted.
- 7. A voter who takes a ballot paper out of the polling station or deposits in the ballot box any other paper than the one given him by the presiding officer is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for 3 months or to a fine of \$19,200.

(Section 47(2))

PART A

BALLOT PAPER FOR GENERAL ELECTION



FORM NO. 14 (Section) 47(2)
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

BALLOT PAPER

No. 0001

Anguilla General Elections District Ballot and Island-wide District Ballot Polling Day:

Initial of P.O	
----------------	--

Instructions Making Selections

Fill in the oval to the right of the name of your choice by shading the oval or marking an "X" inside the oval. You must blacken the oval completely, and do not make any marks outside of the oval.

Do not cross out or erase, or your vote may not count. If you make a mistake or a stray mark, ask for a new ballot from the Presiding Officer.

	Single Member Electo /ote for One candidate	ral Distric	t
1	ALLEN, GRIM		0
2	BAPTIST, JOHN		0
3	COLLIN, DERRICK		0
4	DANEY, EMMANUEL		0

Single Island-wide District Vote for no more than Four candidates						
1	ELLIS, JACK	0	0			
2	FRANCIS, PETER	ı	0			
3	GUNN, MATT	-	0			
4	HOBBS, MARIA		0			
5	ISLES, BERNIE		0			
6	JONES, RUBEN	Till I	0			
7	KILLGOR, KARL		0			
8	LOVE, TIM		0			
9	MCENTIRE, HELEN		0			
10	NILLARD, BECK	80	0			
11	OXFORD, KORI		0			
12	PRUNE, LISA		0			
13	QUINN, VIOLET	1	0			
14	RICHIE, SAM	1	0			
15	SULLEN, REBA		0			
16	TIGER, JANE					

ANGUILLA GENERAL ELECTIONS

BALLOT PAPER

No. 0001 Initial of P.O.....

Electoral District...... Voter Number on Register.....

POLLING DAY:

PART B

BALLOT PAPER FOR BY-ELECTION - SINGLE MEMBER ELECTORAL DISTRICT

Γ



FORM NO. 14 (Section 47(2) ANGUILLA ELECTIONS ACT

BALLOT PAPER

No. 0001 Anguilla By-Election District Ballot Polling Day:

Ins	tructions	
Ma	king Selections	
•		
<		
LC		
cho	in the oval to the right of the name of your ice by shading the oval or marking an "X" de the oval. You must blacken the oval spletely, and do not make any marks outside ne oval.	,
cou	not cross out or erase, or your vote may not nt. If you make a mistake or a stray mark, as a new ballot from the Presiding Officer.	ık

Initial	of I	Ρ.	0										

	Single Member Electoral District Vote for One candidate						
1	ALLEN, Grim	1	0				
2	BAPTIST, John		0				
3	COLLIN, Derrick		0				
4	DANEY, Emmanuel		0				

	ANGUILLA BY-ELECTION		
	BALLOT PAPER	No. 0001	Initial of P.O
Electoral District	. Voter Number o	n Register.	
	POLLING DAY:		

BALLOT PAPER FOR BY-ELECTION - SINGLE ISLAND-WIDE DISTRICT



FORM NO. 14 (Section 47(2) ANGUILLA ELECTIONS ACT

BALLOT PAPER

No. 0001 Anguilla By-Election Island-wide District Ballot Polling Day:

Instru	ctions
Makin	g Selections
	O FO
	J 48
choice b	e oval to the right of the name of your y shading the oval or marking an "X" ie oval. You must blacken the oval ely, and do not make any marks outside
Do not count. If	ross out or erase, or your vote may not you make a mistake or a stray mark, ask w ballot from the Presiding Officer

Initial of P.O.....

Single Island-wide District							
Vote for no more than Four candidates							
1	ELLIS, Jack	0	0				
2	FRANCIS, Peter		0				
3	GUNN, Matt		0				
4	HOBBS, Maria		0				
5	ISLES, Bernie		0				
6	JONES, Ruben	To lot	0				
7	KILLGOR, Karl	-	0				
8	LOVE, Tim		0				
9	MCENTIRE, Helen		0				
10	NILLARD, Beck	⊙ √©	0				
11	OXFORD, Kori		0				
12	PRUNE, Lisa		0				
13	QUINN, Violet	1	0				
14	RICHIE, Sam	1	0				
15	SULLEN, Reba		0				
16	TIGER, Jane		0				

ANGUILLA BY	ELECTION	
BALLOT	PAPER No. 0001	Initial of P.O
Electoral District	Voter Number on	Register
POLLING DA	Υ:	

(R.A. 49/2022, s.2)

(Section 61(1))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF IDENTITY OF A VOTER RECEIVING A BALLOT PAPER AFTER ANOTHER HAS VOTED IN HIS NAME

I swear/solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am (name on list of voters	s)of (ada	lress
as on list of voters)	whose nam	e is
entered on the list of voters now shown to me. So help me God.*		
Sworn/Affirmed before me this day of	, 20	
* Delete if affirmed		

FORM 16
(Section 1)
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

N	4
5	5
Č	5
Ž	٩
_	1
_	1
C)

	Remarks	
	Objections if any made on behalf of any candidate	
upplying another h person	Record that oath sworn of affirmat ion	
Particulars of Persons applying for Ballot Papers after another person has voted as such person	Consec utive No. of Voter on list of voters	
Particulars of Persons applying for Ballot Papers after another person has voted as such person	Name	
	(b) Record that voter has voted	
	(a) Record that oath swom or affirmation affirmed or refused	
oters	Form numbers of oaths or affirmatio n if any voter is require to swear or affirm	
Particulars of Voters	Conse cutive No. of Voter on list of voters	
Partic	Residential Address	
	Occupation	
	Name of Voter	
Conse cutive No.	given each voter as he applie s for ballot	

When ballot put into ballot box, insert "voted" (9)

(Section 61(3)(a)(i))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF VOTER INCAPABLE OF VOTING WITHOUT ASSISTANCE BY REASON OF PHYSICAL INCAPACITY

I swear/solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am incapable of voting without assistance by reason of physical
incapacity. So help me God.*
Sworn/Affirmed before me this
* Delete if affirmed
* Delete if affirmed
FORM 18
(Section 61(3)(a)(ii))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT
ELECTIONS ACT
OATH/AFFIRMATION OF BLIND OR ILLITERATE VOTER
INCAPABLE OF VOTING WITHOUT ASSISTANCE
I,
of
swear/solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am incapable of voting without assistance by reason of my
(blindness) (illiteracy)*. So help me God. [†]
Sworn/Affirmed before me this
* Delete as appropriate † Delete if affirmed

(Section 61(5))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF FRIEND OF BLIND OR ILLITERATE VOTER

I swear/solemnly and sincerely affirm that I will keep secret the name of the candidate for whom I mark the ballot paper of the blind/illiterate* voter on whose behalf I act.
That I have not already acted as a friend of a blind or illiterate voter for the purpose of marking his ballo paper at this election. So help me $God.^{\dagger}$
Affirmed before me this
tte as appropriate ete if affirmed
FORM 20
(Section 62(1))
ANGUILLA
ELECTIONS ACT
OATH/AFFIRMATION THAT THE VOTER IS THE PERSON INTENDED TO BE REFERRED TO IN THE LIST OF VOTERS
r/solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am qualified to vote at this election of a member to serve in the
of Assembly and am not disqualified from voting at this election and that I verily believe that I am the
intended to be referred to by the entry in the list of voters used at this Polling Station of the name
Affirmed before me this
te if affirmed
1 /

(Section 62(3))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF QUALIFICATION OF VOTER

I swear/solen	nnly and sincerely affirm that on the qualifying date for registration as a voter—			
1. 1	I was of the age of 18 years or upwards;			
2. 1	I was one of the following—			
((a) an Anguillian born in Anguilla and was domiciled in Anguilla;			
((b) a person who—			
	(i) is Anguillian and resided in Anguilla for a period of not less than 12 months immediately before the qualifying date,			
	(ii) was domiciled in Anguilla, and			
	(iii) was the lawful spouse, widow or widower or the son or daughter or the spouse of the son or daughter of a person who was born in Anguilla;			
((c) a person who—			
	(i) is Anguillian,			
	(ii) was domiciled in Anguilla, and			
	(iii) resided in Anguilla for a period of at least 5 years immediately before the qualifying date;			
3. 1	was a resident of the Electoral District of; and			
	was not disqualified from being registered as a voter under the Constitution of Anguilla or any force in Anguilla connected with elections.			

Sworn/Affirmed before me this day of, 20......

Presiding Officer/Poll Clerk

(Section 63(2))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

APPLICATION TO BE TREATED AS A VOTER IN AN ADVANCE POLL

1.	I, (Surname)
	(other names) of
	(address)
	am a registered voter for the Electoral District.
2.	I am: a police officer a customs officer an immigration officer a doctor a nurse an emergency medical technician employed in the Central Electoral Office an election officer physically disabled 70 years or older
I ap	oply to be treated as a voter at an advance poll because I am unlikely to be able to go to the polling station on the day appointed for the taking of the poll because*—
	t out appropriate reason
	I declare that the above statements are correct.
	Applicant's signature
	Date
	(Act 9/2020, s. 28(c))

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(Section 66(3))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF AGENT OF A POLITICAL PARTY OR INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE

I, the undersigned ager
for
at the election of a member of the House of Assembly held on this day in the Electoral District
of
name of the candidate for whom any voter voting at this Polling Station marks his ballot paper in my presence
at this election. So help me God.*
Sworn/Affirmed before me this
* Delete if affirmed

(Section 67(1)(j) and 68(1)(q))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

BALLOT PAPER AND BALLOT BOX ACCOUNT

		Total Number
1.	Ballot boxes received	
2.	Electronic tabulating machines received	
3.	Media sticks received	
4.	Ballot papers received	
5.	Ballot boxes in possession	
6.	Ballot papers unused	
7.	Ballot papers issued to voters	
8.	Ballot papers spoiled	
9.	Ballot papers which should be in Ballot Box or ballot box attached to tabulating machine	
 Sig	nature of Presiding Officer	

(Act 9/2020, s. 28(d))

(Section 67(4), 68(4), 69(13)(d)(iii),70(9)(e)(iii) and 71(17)(d)(iii))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

OATH/AFFIRMATION OF MESSENGER SENT TO COLLECT BALLOT BOXES

I,	Returning Messenger appointed
by	Returning Officer for the Electoral District
ofdo s	wear/solemnly and sincerely affirm that the several
boxes to the number of	which were used at the Polling Station at
of this Electe	oral District on polling day now delivered by me to
were handed to	o me by, tha
they have not been opened by me or any other person and the	hat they are in the same state as they were in wher
they came into my possession. So help me God.*	
	Signature
Sworn/Affirmed before me this day of	, 20
* Delete if affirmed	

(Section 69(13)(c), 70(9)(d) and 71(17)(c))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

STATEMENT OF POLL

	DISTRICT			
Ger	neral Election or Other Election:			
Pol	ling Station:			
1.	No. of valid votes cast for each candidate			
	Candidates	Total Vot	es	
2.	Total number of valid votes			
*	In the case of the single-memb district, the total number of bla contained in ballot papers that unmarked ballots	nks		
3.	Total number of rejected votes			
4.	Total number of rejected ballot	papers		
5.	Total number of unmarked ballots			
6.	Grand total of ballot boxes received			
7.	Grand total of ballot boxes in p	ossession		
Sign	nature of Returning Officer			
 Dat	e			
*St	rike out if inapplicable.".			

(Section 69(11), 70(6) and 71(14))

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

REQUEST FOR RECOUNT

I, [name]			one of the candidates at the election	ı of a
member/members* to serv	e in the Hous	se of Assembly for the	electoral district held o	n the
day of	,	, being dissatisfied	with the accuracy of the count HER	REBY
DEMAND a recount and se	t forth below the	he reasons for my deman	ud—	
		REASONS		
Date:				
			•	
(Signature of candidate]				
* Delete as appropriate				

(Section 75(1)(a), and 75(3)

ANGUILLA

ELECTIONS ACT

RETURN AFTER POLL HAS BEEN TAKEN

(I) SINGLE-MEMBER ELECTORAL DISTRICT

I	hereby ce	rtify that the member elected for the Electoral District
(name of returning officer)		
of		in pursuance of the within Writ as having received
the majority of votes lawfully given is		s and occupation as stated in Nomination Paper)
		Returning Officer
		(Date)
SINGLE ISLAND	(II WIDE ELEC	I) FORAL DISTRICT
(Number of votes lawfully given in ea	ch single member ele	ectoral district for the single island wide district election)
I(name of returning officer)	hereby certify th	nat the candidates in Electoral District(state district)
for the Single island wide electoral Di-	strict Election in	n pursuance of the within Writ as having received the
following number of votes lawfully give	n—	
(Name, address and occupation as stated in Nomin	nation Paper)	Number of votes lawfully given
	Returnin	g officer
	(Da	

(III) SINGLE ISLAND WIDE ELECTORAL DISTRICT_____

(Total Number of votes lawfully given for the single island wide electoral district election)
Wide Electoral District Election in pursuance of the within Writ as having received the largest number of Vote
lawfully given are—
(Name, address and occupation as stated in Nomination Paper)
(Name, address and occupation as stated in Nomination Paper)
(Name, address and occupation as stated in Nomination Paper)
Name, address and occupation as stated in Nomination Paper)
Supervisor of Elections
(Date)